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Oligomer search SEQ ID NO:1

Thanks,
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Searcher: _____
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TYPE OF SEARCH:
NA Sequences: _____
AA Sequences: _____ /
Structures: _____
Bibliographic: _____
Litigation: _____
Full text: _____
Patent Family: _____
Other: _____

VENDOR/COST (where applic.)
STN: _____
DIALOG: _____
Questel/Orbit: _____
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: July 31, 2002, 15:03:45 ; Search time 30.19 seconds

(without alignments)
110.375 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-08-948-131-1

Perfect score: 30

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Scoring table: OLIGO

Gapop 60.0 , Gapext 60.0

Searched: 747574 seqs, 111073796 residues

Word size : 0

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 747574

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Listing first 45 summaries

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pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match Length	DB ID	Description
1	30	100.0	30 20	AAV09349 Human RAGE V-domain
2	30	100.0	30 21	AAV52134 Human Receptor to Human mature receptor
3	30	100.0	318 18	AAW44200 Human RAGE polypeptide
4	30	100.0	318 18	AAW33754 Human Receptor to Human soluble RAGE
5	30	100.0	332 21	AAV52130 Human Receptor to Human soluble RAGE
6	30	100.0	340 18	AAW44199 Human RAGE polypeptide
7	30	100.0	340 18	AAW33753 Human extracellular RAGE
8	30	100.0	404 22	AAW81925 Human soluble RAGE
9	16	53.3	16 18	AAW44214 Human RAGE polypeptide
10	16	53.3	16 18	AAW33768 Human soluble RAGE
11	15	50.0	15 18	AAW918387-A1 Human soluble RAGE

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

ID AAV09349 standard; peptide: 30 AA.

ID AAV09349;

XX AAV09349;

XX DT 09-JUL-1999 (first entry)

XX DE Human RAGE V-domain peptide SEQ ID NO:1.

XX KW RAGE; V-domain; receptor for advanced glycation endproduct;

KW ligand binding site; amyloid-beta; Alzheimer's disease; Down's syndrome;

KW severity; renal failure; hyperlipidaemic atherosclerosis; dementia;

KW neuronal cytotoxicity; head trauma; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;

KW multiple sclerosis; amyloidosis; autoimmune disease; inflammation;

KW tumour; cancer; male impotence; wound healing; periodontal disease;

KW neuropathy; retinopathy; nephropathy; neuronal degeneration.

OS Homo sapiens.

XX PN W09918387-A1.

XX PD 22-APR-1999.

XX PF 09-OCT-1998; 98W0-US21346.

XX PR 09-OCT-1997; 97US-0348131.

XX PA (UYCO) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.

XX PI Lamster I, Schmidt AM, Stern D, Yan SD;

XX DR WPI; 1999-277439/23.

XX

Human RAGE polypeptide

Mouse RAGE V-domain

Rat RAGE V-domain

Human soluble RAGE

Human soluble RAGE

Human RAGE polypeptide

Drosophila melanogaster

Human RAGE V-domain

Human Receptor to Bovine RAGE V-domain

N-terminal sequence

Acinetobacter sp.

Drosophila melanogaster

Human RAGE polypeptide

Residues 138-1470

Human HA1-1 peptide

Human polypeptide

Human nervous system

Propionibacterium

Human ORF X ORF141

Human polypeptide

Human polypeptide

Propionibacterium

PT New peptides based on an advanced glycation end product receptor are
PT useful for treating Alzheimer's disease and Down's syndrome
XX
PS Claim 2; Page 78; 101pp; English.

CC The present invention describes novel isolated peptides (1) having an
CC amino acid sequence corresponding to an amino acid sequence of a
CC v-domain of a receptor for an advanced glycation end product (RAGE).
CC Also described are methods for: (1) Inhibiting an amyloid-beta peptide
CC (ABP) interaction with a receptor for RAGE when the receptor is on the
CC surface of a cell; (2) inhibiting degeneration of a neuronal cell; (3)
CC inhibiting formation of an ABP fibril on a cell; (4) inhibiting
CC extracellular assembly of an ABP into a fibril; (5) inhibiting
CC aggregation of ABP on the surface of a cell; (6) inhibiting infiltration
CC of a microglial cell into senile plaques; (7) Inhibiting activation of a
CC microglial cell by an ABP; (8) treating a subject with a condition
CC associated with an interaction of an ABP with a receptor for RAGE on a
CC cell; (9) evaluating the ability of an agent to inhibit binding of an
CC ABP with a v-domain of a receptor for RAGE on the surface of a cell; (10)
CC inhibiting activation of a NF- κ B gene in a cell; (11) inhibiting
CC periodontal disease in a subject; (12) inhibiting an RAGE's interaction
CC with a receptor for RAGE when the receptor is on the surface of a cell;
CC and (13) treating a subject with a condition associated with an
CC interaction of an RAGE with a receptor for RAGE on a cell. The methods
CC can be used for treating conditions associated with an interaction of an
CC disease, senility, renal failure, hyperlipidaemic atherosclerosis,
CC neuronal cytotoxicity, Down's syndrome, dementia associated with head
CC trauma, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, multiple sclerosis, amyloidosis,
CC an autoimmune disease, inflammation, a tumour, cancer, male impotence,
CC wound healing, periodontal disease, neuropathy, retinopathy, nephropathy
CC or neuronal degeneration.

XX Sequence 30 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 30; DB 20; Length 30;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.8e-25;
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AQNITARIGEPLVLKCKGAPKKPPQRLEWK 30
Db 1 aqnitarigepvlvkckgapkkppqrlewk 30

RESULT 2
ID AAY52134 standard; protein; 30 AA.

AC AAY52134;
XX
DT 28-JAN-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE Human Receptor to AGE (RAGE) amino acid sequence fragment #3.
OS Homo sapiens
XX
KW Soluble receptor for advanced glycation endproducts; RAGE; tumour;
KW invasion; metastasis; amphotericin; neuron; inhibit; therapy.
XX
W0954405-A1.
XX
PD 28-OCT-1999.
XX
PF 16-APR-1999; 99WO-US08427.
XX
PR 17-APR-1998; 98US-002365.
XX
(UYCO) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.
XX
PI Schmidt AM, Stern D;
XX
DR WPI; 2000-013260/01.

XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 30; DB 21; Length 30;
XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5.8e-25;
XX Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AQNITARIGEPLVLKCKGAPKKPPQRLEWK 30
Db 1 aqnitarigepvlvkckgapkkppqrlewk 30
SQ Sequence 30 AA:

RESULT 3
ID AAW44200 standard; Protein; 318 AA.
XX
AAW44200;
XX
DT 14-MAY-1998 (first entry)
XX
DE Human mature receptor to an advanced glycosylation end product; RAGE;
XX
KW Human; soluble receptor; advanced glycosylation end product; RAGE;
KW AGE; antibody; vascular permeability; diabetes mellitus.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT Misc-difference 66
FT /note= "encoded by CCT"
XX
PN W09739125-A1.
XX
PD 23-OCT-1997.
XX
PF 11-APR-1997; 97WO-EP01834.
XX
PR 16-APR-1996; 96US-0633148.
XX
PA (SCHID) SCHERTING PATENTE AG.
XX
PA Hollander DA, Morser MJ, Nagashima M;
XX
DR WPI; 1997-558580/51.
XX
DR N-PDB; RAV12395.
XX
PT Anti-advanced glycosylation end product polypeptide antibody
PT prevents receptor binding and therefore reduces vascular
permeability, useful to treat diabetes mellitus
XX
Claim 2; Page 42-43; 90pp; English.

XX
 CC The present sequence represents a mature human receptor to an advanced
 CC glycosylation end product (RAGE) polypeptide. The present invention
 CC describes an isolated antibody (Ab), specifically immunoreactive with
 CC RAGE. Advanced glycosylation end products (AGE) of proteins are
 CC non enzymatically glycosylated proteins, which accumulate in vascular
 CC tissue in ageing, and at an accelerated rate in individuals with
 CC diabetes. The Ab, which prevents the interaction between an AGE and it's
 CC receptor (RAGE), reduces vascular permeability. The Ab can be used to
 CC treat diabetes mellitus symptoms, e.g. microangiopathy, occlusive
 CC vascular disorders, neuropathy, nephropathy, retinopathy, haemodialysis
 CC associated amyloidosis or atherosclerosis. The Ab can also be used for
 CC the isolation and purification of human RAGE polypeptide.
 XX

SQ Sequence 318 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 30; DB 18; Length 318;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4e-24; Mismatches 0;
 Matches 30; Conservative 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGQITARGIEPVLCKGAPKKPPQRIEWK 30
 DB 1 aqnitargiepvlckgakppqriewk 30

RESULT 4
 AAW33754 standard; protein: 318 AA.

ID AAW33754
 XX
 AC AAW33754;
 DT 08-MAY-1998 (first entry)

XX Human RAGE polypeptide (318 amino acid residues).

XX Advanced glycosylation end-product receptor; RAGE; screening; AGE;
 KW vascular permeability; diabetes mellitus; treatment; atherosclerosis;
 XX Alzheimer's disease.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN W09739121-A1.

XX
 PD 23-OCT-1997.

XX 11-APR-1997; 97WO-EP01832.

XX PR 16-APR-1996; 96US-0633147.

XX PA (SCHD) SCHERING AG.

PT Morser MJ, Nagashima M;

DR WPI; 1997-526458/48.

XX N-PSDB; AAV06518.

PT New soluble advanced glycosylation end-product receptor polypeptide
 PT - used for reducing vascular permeability, complications of diabetes
 PT etc., also for purification and to screen for modulators

XX
 PS Claim 3; Fig 1B; 91pp; English.

XX
 CC this is a human advanced glycosylation end-product receptor (RAGE)
 CC polypeptide (318 amino acid residues). The RAGE polypeptides and its
 CC active fragments or their mimetics, inhibit interaction between advanced
 CC glycosylation end-products (AGE) and a receptor (specifically RAGE). They
 CC are used to treat diseases associated with AGE/RAGE interaction, such as
 CC increased vascular permeability, diabetes mellitus (particularly vascular
 CC complications such as micro- or macro- vascularopathy or occlusive vascular
 CC disorders such as neuropathy, nephropathy, retinopathy or
 CC atherosclerosis) or haemodialysis-associated amyloidosis, also activation
 CC of microglial cells by beta-amyloid peptides in Alzheimer's disease or

CC age-related disorders such as oxidative stress. These RAGE polypeptides
 CC are also used, when immobilised, to purify AGE from a protein mixture and
 CC to screen for compounds that are agonists and antagonists of AGE/RAGE
 CC interaction. They can also be used diagnostically to detect abnormal
 CC levels of AGE. Antibodies against RAGE polypeptides are useful as
 CC immunoassay reagents for measurement of AGE levels, and as inhibitors of
 CC interaction between AGE and RAGE or other receptors and for purification
 CC and quantification of RAGE polypeptides. The encoding nucleic acids are
 CC used to express recombinant RAGE and as probes for isolating related
 CC genes.

SQ Sequence 318 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 30; DB 18; Length 318;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4e-24; Mismatches 0;
 Matches 30; Conservative 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AGQITARGIEPVLCKGAPKKPPQRIEWK 30
 DB 1 aqnitargiepvlckgakppqriewk 30

RESULT 5
 AAY52130 standard; protein: 332 AA.

ID AAY52130
 XX
 AC AAY52130;
 DT 28-JAN-2000 (first entry)

XX Human Receptor to AGE (RAGE) amino acid sequence.

XX Soluble receptor for advanced glycation endproducts; RAGE; tumour;

XX invasion; metastasis; amphotericin; neuron; inhibit; therapy.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX OS W09954485-A1.

XX PN W09954485-A1.

XX PD 28-OCT-1999.

XX PR 16-APR-1999; 99WO-US08427.

XX PR 17-APR-1998; 98US-0062365.

XX PA (UYCO) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.

XX PI Schmidt AM, Stern D;

XX DR WPI; 2000-013260/01.

XX PT Inhibiting tumour invasion or spreading by administration of soluble
 PT receptor for advanced glycation endproducts -
 XX
 XX PS Disclosure; Page 10-11; 88pp; English.

XX
 CC This is the amino acid sequence of the human soluble Receptor for
 CC Advanced Glycation Endproducts (RAGE). RAGE interacts with a range of
 CC physiologically and pathophysiological relevant ligands when
 CC considering tumour invasion. In normal developing neurons RAGE
 CC colocalizes with amyloferin which is a matrix associated polypeptide.
 CC The expression of both RAGE and amyloferin decreases after birth, but
 CC both have increased expression in tumours. RAGE polypeptides
 CC AX132-132 are used in the invention in a method for inhibiting
 CC tumour invasion and metastasis. The method involves inhibiting tumour
 CC invasion and metastasis via administration of a therapeutically effective
 CC amount of the pharmaceutical composition containing a RAGE polypeptide.
 CC The invention also relates to a method for evaluating the ability of an
 CC agent to inhibit tumour invasion in a local cellular environment. RAGE
 CC can be administered to a patient in a pharmaceutically acceptable
 CC carrier.

XX
AC AAB81925;
XX
DT 15-JUN-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Extracorporeal circulation material receptor protein.
XX
KW Extracorporeal circulation; carbonyl stress product; receptor;
KW diabetes; vascular lesion; excretory dysfunction.
XX
OS Unidentified.
PN WO200118060-A1.
XX
PD 15-MAR-2001.
XX
PF 08-SEP-2000; 2000WO-JP06172.
XX
PR 08-SEP-1999; 99JP-0254463.
XX
PA (TOMA) TORAY IND INC.
XX
PI Shimizu S, Kubota M, Akiyama H, Usui M;
PT DR
XX
PT Material for extracorporeal circulation, applicable in selective
PT elimination of diabetic complication factors such as carbonyl stress
PT products caused by abnormally promoted carbonyl stress from excretory
PT dysfunction in vascular lesions -
XX
PS Claim 1; Page 31-32; 36pp; Japanese.
XX
CC The present invention describes a material for extracorporeal circulation
CC which is made from a water-insoluble carrier immobilized with a protein
CC having the sequence shown here. The materials of the invention, including
CC adsorbents, are for extracorporeal circulation, which are applicable in
CC the selective elimination of diabetic complication factors from a body
CC fluid, and are therefore useful in treating vascular lesions like
CC arteriosclerosis due to carbonyl stress products caused by abnormally
CC promoted carbonyl stress from excretory dysfunction.
XX
SQ Sequence 404 AA;
XX
Query Match 100.0%; Score 30; DB 22; Length 404;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Prod. No. 4.9e-24;
Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AQNNTARTIGEPLVWIKCKGAPKKPQRLEWK 30
Db 23 aqnitartigepivlkckgapkkpqrliewk 52
XX
RESULT 9
AAW44214
ID AAW44214 standard; peptide; 16 AA.
XX
AC AAW44214;
AAW44214;
XX
DT 14-MAY-1998 (first entry)
XX
DE Human soluble RAGE immunologically active fragment SEQ ID NO:18.
XX
KW Human; soluble receptor; advanced glycosylation end product; RAGE;
AGE; antibody; vascular permeability; immunologically active fragment;
KW diabetes mellitus.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
PN WO9739125-A1.
XX
PD 23-OCT-1997.
XX
PR 11-APR-1997; 97WO-EP01832.
XX
PA (SCHD) SCHERING AG.
XX
PI Morser MJ, Nagashima M;
XX
DR WPI; 1997-558580/51.
XX
PT Anti-advanced glycosylation end product polypeptide antibody -
PT prevents receptor binding and therefore reduces vascular
PT permeability, useful to treat diabetes mellitus
XX
PS Claim 2; Page 49; 90PP; English.
XX
CC The present sequence represents an immunologically active fragment
CC of a soluble human receptor to an advanced glycosylation end
CC product (RAGE) polypeptide. The present invention describes
an isolated antibody (Ab), specifically immunoreactive with
RAGE. Advanced glycosylation end products (AGE) of proteins are
non-enzymatically glycosylated proteins, which accumulate in vascular
tissue in ageing, and at an accelerated rate in individuals with
diabetes. The Ab, which prevents the interaction between an AGE and it's
receptor (RAGE), reduces vascular permeability. The Ab can be used to
treat diabetes mellitus symptoms e.g. microangiopathy, occlusive
vascular disorders, neuropathy, nephropathy, retinopathy, haemodialysis
associated amyloidosis or atherosclerosis. The Ab can also be used for
the isolation and purification of human RAGE polypeptide.
XX
SQ Sequence 16 AA;
XX
Query Match 53.3%; Score 16; DB 18; Length 16;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Prod. No. 2.9e-10;
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY 1 AQNNTARTIGEPLVWIKC 16
Db 1 aqnitartigepivlk 16
XX
RESULT 10
AAW33768
ID AAW33768 standard; peptide; 16 AA.
XX
AC AAW33768;
XX
DT 08-MAY-1998 (first entry)
XX
DE Human RAGE polypeptide fragment 14.
XX
KW Advanced glycosylation end-product receptor; RAGE; screening; AGE;
KW vascular permeability; diabetes mellitus; treatment; atherosclerosis;
KW Alzheimer's disease.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
PN WO9739121-A1.
XX
PD 23-OCT-1997.
XX
PR 16-APR-1996; 96US-0633147.
XX
PA (SCHD) SCHERING AG.
XX
PI Morser MJ, Nagashima M;
XX
DR WPI; 1997-526458/18.

PT New soluble advanced glycosylation end-product receptor polypeptide
 PT - used for reducing vascular permeability, complications of diabetes
 PT etc., also for purification and to screen for modulators
 XX disclosure; Page 9; 91pp; English.

CC This is a peptide fragment of a human advanced glycosylation end-product receptor (RAGE) polypeptide. The RAGE polypeptides and its active fragments or their mimetics can inhibit interaction between advanced glycosylation end-products (AGE) and a receptor (specifically RAGE). They are used to treat diseases associated with AGE/RAGE interaction, such as increased vascular permeability, diabetes mellitus (particularly complications such as micro- or macro- vasculopathy or occlusive vascular disorders such as neuropathy, nephropathy, atherosclerosis or retinopathy) or haemodialysis-associated amyloidosis, also activation of microbial cells by beta-amyloid peptides in Alzheimer's disease or age-related disorders such as oxidative stress. These RAGE polypeptides are also used, when immobilised, to purify AGE from a protein mixture and to screen for compounds that are agonists and antagonists of AGE/RAGE interaction. They can also be used diagnostically to detect abnormal levels of AGE. Antibodies against RAGE polypeptides are useful as immunoassay reagents for measurement of AGE levels, and as inhibitors of interaction between AGE and RAGE or other receptors and for purification and quantification of RAGE polypeptides. The encoding nucleic acids are used to express recombinant RAGE and as probes for isolating related genes.

CC Sequence 16 AA;

CC Query Match 53.3%; Score 16; DB 18; Length 16;
 CC Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.9e-10;
 CC Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

CC QY 1 AQNITARIGEPLVLK 16
 CC ||||||| |||||
 CC .Db 1 aqnitarigeplvlk 16

CC RESULT 11
 CC AAW44208 ID AAW44208 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
 CC XX
 CC AC AAW44208
 CC XX
 CC DT 08-MAY-1998 (first entry)
 CC DE Human soluble RAGE immunologically active fragment SEQ ID NO:12.
 CC KW Human; soluble receptor; advanced glycosylation end product; RAGE;
 CC KW AGE; antibody; vascular permeability; immunologically active fragment;
 CC KW diabetes mellitus.
 CC OS Homo sapiens.
 CC XX
 CC PN WO9739121-A1.
 CC XX
 CC PD 23-OCT-1997.
 CC XX
 CC PF 11-APR-1997; 97WO-EP01832.
 CC XX
 CC PR 16-APR-1996; 96US-0633147.
 CC XX
 CC PA (SCHD) SCHERING AG.
 CC XX
 CC PI Morser MJ, Nagashima M.
 CC XX
 CC DR WPI; 1997-526458/4B.
 CC XX
 CC PT New soluble advanced glycosylation end-product receptor polypeptide
 CC PT - used for reducing vascular permeability, complications of diabetes
 CC etc., also for purification and to screen for modulators
 PS Claim 6; Page 55; 91pp; English.

CC This is a peptide fragment of a human advanced glycosylation end-product receptor (RAGE) polypeptide. The RAGE polypeptides and its active fragments or their mimetics can inhibit interaction between advanced glycosylation end-products (AGE) and a receptor (specifically RAGE). They are used to treat diseases associated with AGE/RAGE interaction, such as increased vascular permeability, diabetes mellitus (particularly complications such as micro- or macro- vasculopathy or occlusive vascular disorders such as neuropathy, nephropathy, atherosclerosis or retinopathy) or haemodialysis-associated amyloidosis, also activation

PS Claim 2; Page 46; 90pp; English.
 PS XX
 PS CC The present sequence represents an immunologically active fragment
 PS CC of a soluble human receptor to an advanced glycosylation end
 PS CC product (RAGE) polypeptide. The present invention describes
 PS CC an isolated antibody (Ab), specifically immunoreactive with
 PS CC RAGE. Advanced glycosylation end products (AGE) of proteins are
 PS CC non-enzymatically glycosylated proteins, which accumulate in vascular
 PS CC tissue in ageing, and at an accelerated rate in individuals with
 PS CC diabetes. The Ab, which prevents the interaction between an AGE and its
 PS CC receptor (RAGE), reduces vascular permeability. The Ab can be used to
 PS CC treat diabetes mellitus symptoms, e.g. microangiopathy, occlusive
 PS CC vascular disorders, neuropathy, nephropathy, retinopathy, haemodialysis
 PS CC associated amyloidosis or atherosclerosis. The Ab can also be used for
 PS CC the isolation and purification of human RAGE polypeptide.
 PS SQ Sequence 15 AA;

PS Query Match 50.0%; Score 15; DB 18; Length 15;
 PS Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.2e-09;
 PS Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

PS QY 1 AQNITARIGEPLVLK 15
 PS .Db 1 aqnitarigeplvlk 15

CC of microglial cells by beta-amyloid peptides in Alzheimer's disease or
 CC age-related disorders such as oxidative stress. These RAGE polypeptides
 CC are also used, when immobilized, to purify AGE from a protein mixture and
 CC to screen for compounds that are agonists and antagonists of AGE/RAGE
 CC interaction. They can also be used diagnostically to detect abnormal
 CC levels of AGE. Antibodies against RAGE polypeptides are useful as
 CC immunoassay reagents for measurement of RAGE levels, and as inhibitors of
 CC interaction between AGE and RAGE or other receptors and for purification
 CC and quantification of RAGE polypeptides. The encoding nucleic acids are
 CC used to express recombinant RAGE and as probes for isolating related
 CC genes.

SQ Sequence 15 AA:

Query Match 50.0%; Score 15; DB 18; Length 15;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.2e-09;
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 QNITARIGEPLVLF 15
 Db 1 aqitarigepvlk 15

RESULT 13

RAY09350
 ID RAY09350 standard; peptide: 30 AA.
 XX
 AC RAY09350;

DR 09-JUL-1999 (first entry)
 XX

DE Mouse RAGE V-domain peptide SEQ ID NO:2.

KW RAGE; V-domain; receptor for advanced glycation endproduct;
 KW ligand binding site; amyloid-beta; Alzheimer's disease; Down's syndrome;
 KW senility; renal failure; hyperlipidemic atherosclerosis; dementia;
 KW neuronal cytotoxicity; head trauma; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;
 KW multiple sclerosis; amyloidosis; autoimmune disease; inflammation;
 KW tumour; cancer; male impotence; wound healing; periodontal disease;
 KW neuropathy; retinopathy; nephropathy; neuronal degeneration.
 OS Mus sp.
 XX
 PN W09918987-A1.
 XX
 PD 22-APR-1999.

XX
 PR 09-OCT-1998; 98WO-US21346.

PR 09-OCT-1997; 97US-0948131.

PA (UYCO) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.

XX
 PR Lamster I, Schmidt AM, Stern D, Yan SD;
 XX
 PR WPI; 1999-277439/23.

PT New peptides based on an advanced glycation end product receptor are
 PT useful for treating Alzheimer's disease and Down's syndrome
 XX
 PS Claim 3; Page 78; 101PP; English.

CC The present invention describes novel isolated peptides (I) having an
 CC amino acid sequence corresponding to an amino acid sequence of a
 CC V-domain of a receptor for an advanced glycation end product (RAGE);
 CC also described are methods for: (1) inhibiting an amyloid-beta peptide
 CC (ABP) interaction with a receptor for RAGE when the receptor is on the
 CC surface of a cell; (2) inhibiting degeneration of a neuronal cell; (3)
 CC inhibiting formation of an ABP fibril on a cell; (4) inhibiting
 CC extracellular assembly of an ABP into a fibril; (5) inhibiting
 CC aggregation of ABP on the surface of a cell; (6) inhibiting infiltration
 CC of a microglial cell into senile plaques; (7) inhibiting activation of a

CC microglial cell by an ABP; (8) treating a subject with a condition
 CC associated with an interaction of an ABP with a receptor for RAGE on a
 CC cell; (9) evaluating the ability of an agent to inhibit binding of an
 CC ABP with a V-domain of a receptor for RAGE on the surface of a cell;
 CC inhibiting activation of a NF- κ B gene in a cell; (11) inhibiting
 CC periodontal disease in a subject; (12) inhibiting an RAGE's interaction
 CC with a receptor for RAGE when the receptor is on the surface of a cell;
 CC and (13) treating a subject with a condition associated with an
 CC interaction of an RAGE with a receptor for RAGE on a cell. The methods
 CC can be used for treating conditions associated with an interaction of an
 CC ABP or an RAGE with a receptor for RAGE, e.g. diabetes, Alzheimer's
 CC disease, senility, renal failure, hyperlipidemic atherosclerosis,
 CC neuronal cytotoxicity, Down's syndrome, dementia associated with head
 CC trauma, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, multiple sclerosis, amyloidosis,
 CC an autoimmune disease, inflammation, a tumour, cancer, male impotence,
 CC wound healing, periodontal disease, neuropathy, retinopathy, nephropathy
 CC or neuronal degeneration.

SQ Sequence 30 AA:

Query Match 43.3%; Score 13; DB 20; Length 30;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 7.7e-07;
 Matches 13; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 2 QNITARIGEPLVLF 14
 Db 2 qnitarigepvlk 14

RESULT 14

RAY09351
 ID RAY09351 standard; peptide: 30 AA.
 XX
 AC RAY09351;

DR 09-JUL-1999 (first entry)
 XX

DE Rat RAGE V-domain peptide SEQ ID NO:3.

KW RAGE; V-domain; receptor for advanced glycation endproduct;
 KW ligand binding site; amyloid-beta; Alzheimer's disease; Down's syndrome;
 KW senility; renal failure; hyperlipidemic atherosclerosis; dementia;
 KW neuronal cytotoxicity; head trauma; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;
 KW multiple sclerosis; amyloidosis; autoimmune disease; inflammation;
 KW tumour; cancer; male impotence; wound healing; periodontal disease;
 KW neuropathy; retinopathy; nephropathy; neuronal degeneration.
 XX
 OS Rattus sp.
 XX
 PN W09918987-A1.
 XX
 PD 22-APR-1999.

XX
 PR 09-OCT-1998; 98WO-US21346.

PR 09-OCT-1997; 97US-0948131.

PA (UYCO) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.

XX
 PR Lamster I, Schmidt AM, Stern D, Yan SD;
 XX
 PR WPI; 1999-277439/23.

CC The present invention describes novel isolated peptides (I) having an
 CC amino acid sequence corresponding to an amino acid sequence of a
 CC V-domain of a receptor for an advanced glycation end product receptor are
 CC also described are methods for: (1) inhibiting an amyloid-beta peptide
 CC (ABP) interaction with a receptor for RAGE when the receptor is on the
 CC surface of a cell; (2) inhibiting degeneration of a neuronal cell; (3)
 CC inhibiting formation of an ABP fibril on a cell; (4) inhibiting
 CC extracellular assembly of an ABP into a fibril; (5) inhibiting
 CC aggregation of ABP on the surface of a cell; (6) inhibiting infiltration
 CC of a microglial cell into senile plaques; (7) inhibiting activation of a

CC microglial cell by an ABP; (8) treating a subject with a condition
 CC associated with an interaction of an ABP with a receptor for RAGE on a
 CC cell; (9) evaluating the ability of an agent to inhibit binding of an
 CC ABP with a V-domain of a receptor for RAGE on the surface of a cell;
 CC inhibiting activation of a NF- κ B gene in a cell; (11) inhibiting
 CC periodontal disease in a subject; (12) inhibiting an RAGE's interaction
 CC with a receptor for RAGE when the receptor is on the surface of a cell;
 CC and (13) treating a subject with a condition associated with an
 CC interaction of an RAGE with a receptor for RAGE on a cell. The methods
 CC can be used for treating conditions associated with an interaction of an
 CC ABP or an RAGE with a receptor for RAGE, e.g. diabetes, Alzheimer's
 CC disease, senility, renal failure, hyperlipidemic atherosclerosis,
 CC neuronal cytotoxicity, Down's syndrome, dementia associated with head
 CC trauma, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, multiple sclerosis, amyloidosis,
 CC an autoimmune disease, inflammation, a tumour, cancer, male impotence,
 CC wound healing, periodontal disease, neuropathy, retinopathy, nephropathy
 CC or neuronal degeneration.

(ABP) interaction with a receptor for RAGE when the receptor is on the surface of a cell; (2) inhibiting degeneration of a neuronal cell; (3) inhibiting formation of an ABP fibril on a cell; (4) inhibiting extracellular assembly of an ABP into a fibril; (5) inhibiting aggregation of ABP on the surface of a cell; (6) inhibiting infiltration of a microglial cell into senile plaques; (7) inhibiting activation of a microglial cell by an ABP; (8) treating a subject with a condition associated with an interaction of an ABP with a receptor for RAGE on a cell; (9) evaluating the ability of an agent to inhibit binding of an ABP with a V-domain of a receptor for RAGE on the surface of a cell; (10) inhibiting activation of a NF- κ B gene in a cell; (11) inhibiting periodontal disease in a subject; (12) inhibiting an RAGE's interaction with a receptor for RAGE when the receptor is on the surface of a cell; and (13) treating a subject with a condition associated with an interaction of an RAGE with a receptor for RAGE on a cell. The methods can be used for treating conditions associated with an interaction of an ABP or an RAGE with a receptor for RAGE, e.g. diabetes, Alzheimer's disease, senility, renal failure, hyperlipidaemic atherosclerosis, neuronal cytotoxicity, Down's syndrome, dementia associated with head trauma, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, multiple sclerosis, amyloidosis, an autoimmune disease, inflammation, a tumour, cancer, male impotence, wound healing, periodontal disease, neuropathy, retinopathy, nephropathy or neuronal degeneration.

Sequence 30 AA;

Query Match 35.7%; Score 11; DB 20; Length 30;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0001; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 QNTTARIGEPL 12
Db 2 qnttarigepl 12

RESULT 15

AAW44209
ID AAW44209 standard; peptide; 10 AA.

XX
AC

XX
DT

14-MAY-1998 (first entry)

DE Human soluble RAGE immunologically active fragment SEQ ID NO:13.

XX Human; soluble receptor; advanced glycosylation end product; RAGE;

KW AGE; antibody; vascular permeability; immunologically active fragment;

KW diabetes mellitus.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX

WO9739125-A1.

XX
PD

23-OCT-1997.

XX
PF 11-APR-1997; 97WO-EP01834.

XX
PR 16-APR-1996; 96US-0633148.

XX
PA (SCHD) SCHERING PATENTE AG.

XX
PT Hollander DA, Morser MJ, Nagashima M;

XX
DR WPI; 1997-558580/51.

PT Anti-advanced glycosylation end product polypeptide antibody - prevents receptor binding and therefore reduces vascular permeability, useful to treat diabetes mellitus

XX
PS Claim 2, Page 47; 90pp; English.

CC The present sequence represents an immunologically active fragment

CC of a soluble human receptor to an advanced glycosylation end product (RAGE) polypeptide. The present invention describes CC an isolated antibody (Ab), specifically immunoreactive with CC RAGE. Advanced glycosylation end products (AGE) of Proteins are CC non-enzymatically glycosylated proteins, which accumulate in vascular CC tissue in ageing, and at an accelerated rate in individuals with CC diabetes. The Ab, which prevents the interaction between an AGE and it's CC receptor (RAGE), reduces vascular permeability. The Ab can be used to CC treat diabetes mellitus symptoms, e.g. microangiopathy, occlusive vascular disorders, neuropathy, nephropathy, retinopathy, haemodialysis CC associated amyloidosis or atherosclerosis. The Ab can also be used for CC the isolation and purification of human RAGE polypeptide.

XX Sequence 10 AA;

Query Match 33.3%; Score 10; DB 18; Length 10;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0005; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 10; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CKGAPKKQQ 25
Db 1 ckgapkkqq 10

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Job time: 110 sec

Wed Jul 31 15:07:20 2002

us-08-948-131-1.rag

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GenCore version 4.5 Copyright (c) 1993 - 2000 Compugen Ltd.									
OM protein - protein search, using sw model									
Run on: July 31, 2002, 15:03:45 ; Search time 14:58 Seconds									
(without alignments) 197.715 Million cell updates/sec									
Searcher: US-08-948-131-1	Score: 30	Sequence: AQNITARGEPLVILKCKGAPKKPPORLEWK	Scoring table: Gapop 60.0 , Gapext 60.0	Word size: 283138	Length: 96089334	Residues: 283138	Database: Oligo	Post-processing: Listing first 45 summaries	Result: 1
Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283138	Minimum DB seq length: 0	Maximum DB seq length: 200000000	Post-processing: Listing first 45 summaries						
1: PIR_71:*	2: pir1:*	3: pir2:*	4: pir3:*	5: pir4:*	6: pir5:*	7: pir6:*	8: pir7:*	9: pir8:*	10: pir9:*
Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.									
SUMMARIES									
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11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
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14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
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27	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
28	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
29	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ALIGMENTS									
30	6	6	20.0	332	2	R83187	hypothetical prote	coat. Protein	coat. Bact.
31	6	6	20.0	334	2	D83164	conserved hypothet	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
32	6	20.0	336	2	T88209	hypothetical prote	two component sens	argininosuccinate	oxido-reductase alp
33	6	20.0	336	2	AG3077	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
34	6	20.0	336	2	T35179	hypothetical prote	exodeoxyribonucle	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
35	6	20.0	339	2	D97102	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
36	6	20.0	377	2	C95670	probable integrase	arginosuccinate	arginosuccinate	arginosuccinate
37	6	20.0	387	2	S33667	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
38	6	20.0	389	2	T23984	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
39	6	20.0	429	2	AD5283	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
40	6	20.0	435	2	H69133	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
41	6	20.0	468	2	S30585	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
42	6	20.0	471	2	B82227	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
43	6	20.0	474	2	C86225	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
44	6	20.0	479	2	S43687	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote
45	6	20.0	481	2	S43687	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote	hypothetical prote

A;Residues: 1-330 <PAR>
 A;Cross-references: GB:AL162752; GB:AL157559; NID:97378778; PIDN:CA83386.1; PID:9737884
 A;Experimental source: serogroup A, strain z2491
 C;Genetics:
 A;Gene: rlcC; NMA0070
 C;Superfamily: conserved hypothetical protein HI0176

Query Match 23.3%; Score 7; DB 2; Length 330;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 8.6;
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 9 GEPLVLK 15
 |||||
 Db 304 GEPLVLK 310

RESULT 6

HB11225 ribosomal large chain pseudouridine synthase C NMB0198 [imported] - *Neisseria meningitidis*
 C;Species: *Neisseria meningitidis*
 C;Accession: HB11225 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-2000 #text_change 19-Jan-2001
 C;Date: 31-Mar-2000
 R;Nettelblin, H.; Saunders, N.J.; Heidelberg, J.; Jeffries, A.C.; Nelson, K.E.; Eisen, J.A.; Hickey, E.K.; Haft, D.H.; Salzberg, S.L.; White, O.; Fleischmann, R.D.; Dougherty, B.A.; R.; Qin, H.; Yamane, J.; Gill, J.; Scarlato, V.; Maignani, V.; Pizza, M.; Science 287, 1809-1815, 2000
 A;Authors: Grandi, G.; Sun, L.; Smith, H.O.; Fraser, C.M.; Moxon, E.R.; Rappoli, R.; Veit, A.;Title: Complete genome sequence of *Neisseria meningitidis* Serogroup B Strain MC58.
 A;Reference number: A81000; MUID:20175755
 A;Accession: HB11225
 A;Status: preliminary
 A;Molecule type: DNA
 A;Residues: 1-330 <TET>
 A;Cross-references: GB:AE002377; GB:AE002098; NID:97225416; PIDN:AAF40655.1; PID:9722541
 A;Experimental source: serogroup B, strain MC58
 C;Genetics:
 A;Gene: NMB0198
 C;Superfamily: conserved hypothetical protein HI0176

Query Match 23.3%; Score 7; DB 2; Length 330;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 8.6;
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 9 GEPLVLK 15
 |||||
 Db 304 GEPLVLK 310

RESULT 7

Q0619 cell fusion glycoprotein precursor - pneumonia virus of mice
 N;Alternate names: F protein
 N;Contains: cell fusion glycoprotein Fl; cell fusion glycoprotein F2
 C;Species: pneumonia virus of mice
 C;Date: 31-Dec-1993 #sequence_revision 31-Dec-1993 #text_change 25-Oct-1996
 C;Accession: Q0619
 R;Chambers, P.; Pringle, C.R.; Easton, A.J.
 J. Gen. Virol. 73, 1717-1724, 1992
 A;Title: Sequence analysis of the gene encoding the fusion glycoprotein of pneumonia virus of mice
 A;Reference number: Q0619; MUID:92333256
 A;Accession: Q0619
 A;Molecule type: mRNA
 A;Residues: 1-537 <CHA>
 A;Cross-references: GB:S40186
 C;Genetics:
 A;Gene: F
 C;Superfamily: cell fusion glycoprotein
 C;Keywords: glycoprotein; membrane fusion; transmembrane protein
 F;1-22/domain: signal sequence
 F;23-101/Product: cell fusion glycoprotein F2 #status predicted <SIG>
 F;23-101/Product: cell fusion glycoprotein F2 #status predicted <FG2>

F;102-537/Product: cell fusion glycoprotein F1 #status predicted <FG1>
 F;401-514/Domain: transmembrane #status predicted <TM>
 F;463,488/Binding site: carbohydrate(Asn) (covalent) #status predicted

Query Match 23.3%; Score 7; DB 1; Length 537;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 13;
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 9 GEPLVLK 15
 |||||
 Db 434 GEPLVLK 440

RESULT 8

AB3343 single-stranded-DNA-specific exonuclease recJ (EC 3.1.1.1) [imported] - *Brucella melitensis*
 C;Species: *Brucella melitensis*
 C;Date: 01-Feb-2002 #sequence_revision 01-Feb-2002 #text_change 15-Feb-2002
 C;Accession: AB3343
 R;DelVecchio, V.G.; Kapatral, V.; Redkar, R.J.; Patra, G.; Mujer, C.; Los, T.; Ivanov, S.; O'Callaghan, D.; Leto, M.; Mazur, M.; Goltzman, E.; Selkov, E.; Elzer, P.H.; Hagius, S.; Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99, 443-448, 2002
 A;Title: The genome sequence of the facultative intracellular pathogen *Brucella melitensis*: the genome number: AD3252; PMID:11756688
 A;Accession: AB3343
 A;Status: preliminary
 A;Molecule type: DNA
 A;Residues: 1-594 <KUR>
 A;Cross-references: GB:AE008917; PIDN:AL151909.1; PID:97982663; GSPDB:GN00190
 A;Experimental source: strain 16M
 C;Genetics:
 A;Gene: BMEI0728
 A;Map position: 1
 C;Superfamily: single-stranded-DNA-specific exonuclease RecJ

Query Match 23.3%; Score 7; DB 2; Length 594;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 14;
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 6 ARIGEPL 12
 |||||
 Db 287 ARIGEPL 293

RESULT 9

B86212 protein F24B9-20 [imported] - *Arabidopsis thaliana* (mouse-ear cress)
 C;Species: *Arabidopsis thaliana* (mouse-ear cress)
 C;Date: 02-Mar-2001 #sequence_revision 02-Mar-2001 #text_change 31-Mar-2001
 C;Accession: B86212
 R;Theologis, A.; Ecker, J.R.; Palm, C.J.; Federspiel, N.A.; Kaul, S.; White, O.; Alonso, C.W.; Chung, M.K.; Conn, L.; Conway, A.B.; Conway, A.R.; Creasy, T.H.; Dewar, M.; Hughes, B.; Huijzer, L.; Ansel, N.P.; Hughes, B.; Huijzer, L.; Nature 408, 816-820, 2000
 A;Authors: Hunter, J.L.; Jenkins, J.; Johnson-Hopson, C.; Khan, S.; Khaykin, E.; Kim, C.A.; Li, J.H.; Li, Y.; Lin, X.; Liu, S.X.; Liu, Z.A.; Luois, J.S.; Maiti, R.; Marzia, Rizzo, M.; Rooney, T.; Rowley, D.; Salzano, H.; Authors: Salzberg, S.L.; Schwartz, J.R.; Shinn, P.; Southwick, A.M.; Sun, H.; Talbot, M.; Wu, D.; Yu, G.; Fraser, C.M.; Venter, J.C.; Davis, R.W.; A;Title: Sequence and analysis of chromosome 1 of the plant *Arabidopsis*.
 A;Reference number: A86141; MUID:21016719
 A;Accession: B86212
 A;Status: preliminary
 A;Molecule type: DNA
 A;Residues: 1-595 <STO>
 A;Cross-references: GB:AE005172; NID:98439898; PIDN:AAF75084.1; GSPDB:GN00141
 C;Genetics:
 A;Gene: F24B9
 A;Map position: 1

Query Match 23.3%; Score 7; DB 2; Length 595;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 14;
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
 Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 7 RIGEPLV 13
 Db 550 RIGEPLV 556

RESULT 10
 T07822 cystein proteinase inhibitor - cucumber
 C;Species: cucumis sativus (cucumber)
 C;Date: 14-May-1999 #sequence_revision 14-May-1999 #text_change 20-Jun-2000
 C;Accession: T07822
 R;Yamakawa, S.
 A;Description: Cystein proteinase inhibitor.
 A;Reference number: Z16154
 A;Status: Preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DDJB
 A;Molecule type: mRNA
 A;Residues: 1-155 <AM>
 A;Cross-references: EMBL:AB014760; PIDN:BA28867.1
 A;Note: root-specific
 C;Superfamily: cystatin; cystatin homology
 C;Keywords: cystatin; cysteine proteinase inhibitor

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 2; Length 96;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 34;
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
 Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 12 LVLCKK 17
 Db 59 LVLCKK 64

RESULT 11
 S64338 hypothetical protein YGR215w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)
 N;Alternate names: hypothetical protein G7821
 C;Date: 17-May-1996 #sequence_revision 17-May-1996 #text_change 20-Jun-2000
 C;Accession: S64338
 R;Rieger, M.; Mueller-Auer, S.; Bueckner, M.; Schaefer, M.
 submitted to the Protein Sequence Database, May 1996.
 A;Reference number: S64071
 A;Accession: S64338
 A;Molecule type: DNA
 A;Residues: 1-110 <RIE>
 A;Cross-references: EMBL:Z73000; NID:91323386; PID:91323387; GSDB:GN00007; MIPS:YGR215w
 A;Experimental source: Strain S288C
 C;Genetics:
 A;Gene: MIPS:YGR215w
 A;Map position: 7R
 C;Superfamily: Saccharomyces cerevisiae hypothetical protein YGR215w

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 2; Length 110;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 38;
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
 Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 17 KGAPKK 22
 Db 88 KGAPKK 93

RESULT 13
 T46154 hypothetical protein T4D2.10 - Arabidopsis thaliana
 C;Species: Arabidopsis thaliana (mouse-ear cress)
 C;Date: 04-Feb-2000 #sequence_revision 04-Feb-2000 #text_change 04-Feb-2000

Query Match 23.3%; Score 7; DB 2; Length 595;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 14;
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
 Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 17 KGAPKK 22
 Db 88 KGAPKK 93

RESULT 14
 A13494 low molecular weight phosphotyrosine protein phosphatase (EC 3.1.3.48) [imported] - Brucella melitensis
 C;Species: Brucella melitensis
 C;Date: 01-Feb-2002 #sequence_revision 01-Feb-2002 #text_change 01-Feb-2002
 C;Accession: A13494
 R;DeVecchio, V.G.; Kapetral, V.; Redkar, R.J.; Patra, G.; Muier, C.; Los, T.; Ivanov, I.; Mazur, M.; Goltsman, E.; Selkov, E.; Elzer, P.H.; Hagius, S.; O'Callaghan, D.; Let Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99, 4434-4448, 2002
 A;Title: The genome sequence of the facultative intracellular pathogen Brucella melit A;Reference number: AD3252; PMID:11756688
 A;Accession: A13494
 A;Status: preliminary
 A;Molecule type: DNA
 A;Residues: 1-201 <KUR>
 A;Cross-references: GB:AE008917; PIDN:AAL53044.1; PID:917983904; GSDB:GN00190
 A;Experimental source: Strain 16M
 C;Genetics:
 A;Gene: BME11063
 A;Map position: 1

C;Keywords: phosphoric monoester hydrolase

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 2; Length 201;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 62;
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 4 ITARIG 9
 |||||
 Db 140 ITARIG 145

RESULT 15

A96024
 probable acetyltransferase protein (EC 2.3.1.-) [imported] - Sinorhizobium meliloti (str C;Species: Sinorhizobium meliloti
 C;Date: 24-Aug-2001 #sequence_revision 24-Aug-2001 #text_change 30-Sep-2001
 C;Accession: A96024
 R;Finan, T.M.; Weidner, S.; Wong, K.; Buhmester, J.; Chain, P.; Vorholt, F.J.; Hernan proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 98, 9889-9894, 2001
 A;Title: The complete sequence of the 1,63-kb pSymB megaplasmid from the N2-fixing endo A;Reference number: A95842; PMID:21396508; PMID:11481431
 A;Accession: A96024
 A;Status: preliminary
 A;Molecule type: DNA
 A;Residues: 1-204 <KUR>
 A;Cross-references: GB:AL591985; PIDN:CA49857_1; PID:915141345; GSPDB:GN00167
 A;Experimental source: strain 1021, megaplasmid pSymB
 R;Galibert, F.; Finan, T.M.; Long, S.R.; Puuler, A.; Abola, P.; Ampe, F.; Barloy-Hubler, F.; Pela, D.; Chain, P.; Cowie, A.; Davis, R.W.; Dreano, S.; Federici, N.A.; Fisher, R.F.; L.; Hyman, R.W.; Jones, T.
 Science 293, 668-672, 2001
 A;Authors: Kahn, D.; Kahn, M.L.; Kalman, S.; Keating, D.H.; Kiss, E.; Komp, C.; Lelaure, rebault, P.; Vandenhoul, M.; Vorholter, F.J.; Weidner, S.; Wells, D.H.; Wong, K.; Yeh, K.
 A;Title: The composite genome of the legume symbiont Sinorhizobium meliloti.
 A;Reference number: A96039; PMID:21369234; PMID:11474104
 A;Contents: annotation
 C;Genetics:
 A;Gene: Smb20765
 A;Genome: plasmid
 C;Superfamily: Agrobacterium chloramphenicol acetyltransferase
 C;Keywords: acetyltransferase

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 2; Length 204;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 63;
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 5 TARIGE 10
 |||||
 Db 164 TARIGE 169

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 Job time: 45 sec

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Om protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: July 31, 2002, 15:04:35 ; Search time 10.35 seconds

(without alignments)
112.231 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-08-948-131-1

Perfect score: 30

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Scoring table: Oligo

Gapop 60.0 , gapext: 60.0

Searched: 105224 seqs, 38719550 residues

Word size : 0

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 105224

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt_40:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARES

Result No. Score Query Match length DB ID Description

Result No.	Score	Query	Match length	DB	ID	Description
1	30	100.0	404	1	RAGE_HUMAN	RAGE_HUMAN, STANDARD; PRT; 404 AA.
2	13	43.3	403	1	RAGE_MOUSE	Q15109; Q15279; Q9Y3R3; Q9H2X7;
3	11	36.7	402	1	RAGE_RAT	Q28173 mus musculus
4	10	33.3	416	1	RAGE_BOVIN	Q28173 mus musculus
5	7	23.3	223	1	MUTH_HAEIN	P44888 haemophilus
6	7	23.3	537	1	VGLF_PVM	P35949 pneumoniae
7	6	20.0	110	1	YGL4L_YEAST	P53305 saccharomyces
8	6	20.0	159	1	RS9_RICCN	Q921V4 rickettsia
9	6	20.0	181	1	VCF4_GUTH	Q78467 guillardia
10	6	20.0	210	1	YAT79_HAEIN	P45023 haemophilus
11	6	20.0	234	1	VGP79_ERBV	P03224 Epstein-Barr
12	6	20.0	259	1	E434_ADECT	P87568 canine adenovirus
13	6	20.0	265	1	E434_ADECC	Q65962 canine adenovirus
14	6	20.0	265	1	E434_ADECR	Q66650 canine adenovirus
15	6	20.0	269	1	MIND_GUTH	Q78436 guillardia
16	6	20.0	278	1	PROC_VIBAL	P52053 vibrio algi
17	6	20.0	282	1	MIND_CHLVU	P56346 chlorella v
18	6	20.0	401	1	ENO_THEAC	Q9h1tl thermoplasm
19	6	20.0	429	1	YRM4_CAEEL	Q94915 crenorhabdial
20	6	20.0	468	1	ARLY_METH	Q65369 methanobacter
21	6	20.0	481	1	SH2B_HUMAN	P41595 homo sapien
22	6	20.0	482	1	DUSA_HUMAN	Q9Y4W6 homo sapien
23	6	20.0	504	1	SH2B_MOUSE	Q02152 mus musculus
24	6	20.0	513	1	SPT1_HUMAN	Q43278 homo sapien
25	6	20.0	607	1	UVRC_PSEEF	P32966 pseudomonas
26	6	20.0	626	1	RN17_MOUSE	Q99m77 mus musculus
27	6	20.0	635	1	SYT_RICPTU	Q05947 rickettsia
28	6	20.0	714	1	EFGL_MICCTU	Q07710 mycobacterium
29	6	20.0	754	1	ASPH_BOVIN	Q28056 bos taurus
30	6	20.0	757	1	ASPH_HUMAN	Q12779 homo sapien
31	6	20.0	788	1	RECC_HAEIN	P44408 haemophilus
32	6	20.0	837	1	HFC1_HAEIN	P33397 haemophilus
33	6	20.0	837	1	HFC2_HAEIN	P45997 haemophilus

ALIGNMENTS

34	6	20.0	837	1	HFC3_HAEIN	P45998 haemophilus
35	6	20.0	850	1	DEXT_STRMU	Q5443 streptococcus
36	6	20.0	879	1	YN65_YEAST	P42837 saccharomyces
37	6	20.0	1097	1	KF1D_RAT	Q35787 rattus norvegicus
38	6	20.0	1103	1	KF1C_HUMAN	Q43896 homo sapien
39	6	20.0	1733	1	VNUA_PRVKA	P33485 pseudorabies
40	6	20.0	2142	1	BAT2_HUMAN	P48334 homo sapien
41	6	20.0	2210	1	RRPO_TACY	P20430 taracaria vulgaris
42	5	16.7	51	1	MLEV_MOUSE	P05541 mus musculus
43	5	16.7	87	1	VE4_HHV51	P26548 human papillomavirus
44	5	16.7	99	1	RS20_CHLPN	Q057f2 chlamydia pneumoniae
45	5	16.7	111	1	HMG2_DROME	Q05943 drosophila melanogaster

RA	Hudson B.I., Furters T.S.	QY	1 AQNITPARIGRPLVLUCKGAKPKPQRLENK	30
RT	"Novel polymorphisms in the receptor for advanced glycation			
RT	end products (RAGE) gene."			
RL	Submitted (NOV-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.			
CC	-I- FUNCTION: MEDIATES INTERACTIONS OF ADVANCED GLYCOSYLATION END			
CC	PRODUCTS (AGE). THESE ARE NONENZYMATIICALLY GLYCOSLATED PROTEINS			
CC	WHICH ACCUMULATE IN VASCULAR TISSUE IN AGING AND AT AN ACCELERATED			
CC	RATE IN DIABETES.			
CC	-I- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: TYPE I MEMBRANE PROTEIN (ISOFORM 1) AND			
CC	SECRETED (ISOFORM 2).			
CC	-I- ALTERNATIVE PRODUCTS: 2 ISOFORMS; 1 (SHOWN HERE) AND 2/RAGESEC;			
CC	ARE PRODUCED BY ALTERNATIVE SPLICING.			
CC	-I- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: ENDOTHELIAL CELLS.			
CC	-I- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE IMMUNOGLOBULIN SUPERFAMILY.			
CC	-I- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 IMMUNOGLOBULIN-LIKE V-TYPE DOMAIN.			
CC	-I- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 2 IMMUNOGLOBULIN-LIKE C2-TYPE DOMAINS.			
CC	This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration			
CC	between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL outstation -			
CC	use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way			
CC	modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial			
CC	entities requires a license agreement (removed). (see http://www.isb-sib.ch/announce/)			
CC	or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).			
EMBL	EMBL: M91211; AAA03574.1; -			
DR	DR: D28769; BAA0958.1; -			
EMBL	EMBL: U89356; AAB47491.1; -			
DR	DR: AB056432; BAA09369.1; -			
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		Query Match	Score 43.3%	DB 1;	Length 403;
		Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No.	9e-07;
		Matches	13;	Conservative	0;
Oy	2	QNITARIGEPLVL	14		
Db	24	QNITARIGEPLVL	36		
RESULT	3				
RAGE_RAT		STANDARD;		PRT;	402 AA.
AC	Q63495;				
DT	01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, last sequence update)				
DT	01-MAR-2002 (Rel. 41, last annotation update)				
DE	Advanced glycosylation end product-specific receptor precursor				
DE	Receptor for advanced glycosylation end products).				
GN	AGER OR RAGE.				
OS	Rattus norvegicus (Rat).				
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.				
NCBI_TAXID	10116;				
RN	[1]				
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.				
RC	STRAIN=SPRAGUE-DANLEY; TISSUE=Lung;				
RX	MEDLINE=97369045; PubMed=9224812;				
RA	Renard C., Chappey O., Wautier M.P., Nagashima M., Lundh E., Morser J., Zhao L., Schmidt A.M., Scherrmann J.M., Wautier J.L.;				
RA	"Recombinant advanced glycation end product receptor pharmacokinetics in normal and diabetic rats"; Mol. Pharmacol. 52:54-62(1997).				
CC	-1- FUNCTION: MEDIATES INTERACTIONS OF ADVANCED GLYCOSYLATION END PRODUCTS (AGE). THESE ARE NONENZYMATIICALLY GLYCOSYLATED PROTEINS WHICH ACCUMULATE IN VASCULAR TISSUE IN AGING AND AT AN ACCELERATED RATE IN DIABETES.				
CC	-1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: TYPE I membrane protein.				
CC	-1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: ENDOTHELIAL CELLS.				
CC	-1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE IMMUNOGLOBULIN SUPERFAMILY.				
CC	-1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 1 IMMUNOGLOBULIN-LIKE V-TYPE DOMAIN.				
CC	-1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS 2 IMMUNOGLOBULIN-LIKE C2-TYPE DOMAINS.				
CC	-----				
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CC	-----				
DR	EMBL; L33413; AAA42027; 1;				
DR	InterPro; IPR03006; Ig_MHC.				
DR	InterPro; IPR03598; Ig_c2.				
DR	InterPro; IPR03600; Ig_like.				
DR	Pfam; PF00047; Ig; 3.				
DR	SMART; SM00410; Ig_Like; 1.				
DR	PROSITE; PS00290; Ig_MHC; 1.				
KW	Immunoglobulin domain; Glycoprotein; Transmembrane; Repeat; Signal.				
FT	SIGNAL	1	22	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CHAIN	23	402	ADVANCED GLYCOSYLATION END PRODUCT-SPECIFIC RECEPTOR.	
FT	DOMAIN	23	341	EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).	
FT	TRANSMEM	342	362	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DOMAIN	363	402	CYTOSLASMIC (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DOMAIN	31	105	IG-LIKE V-TYPE DOMAIN.	
FT	DOMAIN	136	212	IG-LIKE C2-TYPE DOMAIN 1.	
FT	DOMAIN	250	306	IG-LIKE C2-TYPE DOMAIN 2.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	CARBONYD	80	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
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FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
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FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
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FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
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FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
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FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	
FT	CARBONYD	25	80	N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	38	98	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	143	206	POTENTIAL.	
FT	DISULFID	257	299	POTENTIAL.	

Db 165 ITARIGE 171

FT DISULFID 143 207 POTENTIAL.
 FT DISULFID 269 311 POTENTIAL.
 FT CARBOHYD 25 25 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
 FT CARBOHYD 80 80 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
 FT DOMAIN 391 396 POLYGLU.

SQ SEQUENCE 416 AA; 44182 MW; B703815573E767AE CRC64;

RESULT 5

MUTH_HAEN

ID MUTH_HAEN STANDARD; PRT; 223 AA.

AC P44688; RX

DT 01-NOV-1995 (Rel. 32, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1995 (Rel. 32, Last sequence update)

DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)

DE DNA mismatch repair protein muth.

GN MUTH OR H10403.

OS Haemophilus influenzae.

OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; gamma subdivision; Pasteurellaceae;

OC Haemophilus.

OX NCBI_TAXID=727;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=RD / KU20 / ATCC 51907;

RX MEDLINE=9233356; Pubmed=1629698;

RX MEDLINE=9535030; Pubmed=7542800;

RX Fleischmann R.D., Adams M.D., White O., Clayton R.A., Kirkness E.F., Kerlavage A.R., Bult C.J., Tomb J.-F., Dougherty B.A., Merrick J.M., McKenney K., Sutton G., Fitzhugh W., Fields C.A., Goedeyne J.D., Scott J.D., Shirley R., Liu L.-T., Glodek A., Kelley J.M., Weidman J.F., Phillips C.A., Spriggs T., Heblom E., Cotton M.D., Utterback T.R., Hanna M.C., Nguyen D.T., Saudek D.M., Brandon R.C., Fine L.D., Fritchman J.L., Fuhrmann J.L., Geoghegan N.S.M., Gnehm C.L., McDonald L.A., Small K.V., Fraser C.M., Smith H.O., Venter J.C.;
 RT "Whole-genome random sequencing and assembly of Haemophilus influenzae Rd";
 RL Science 269:436-512(1995).

CC -I - FUNCTION: SEQUENCE-SPECIFIC ENDONUCLEASE THAT CLEAVES UNMETHYLATED GATC SEQUENCES. IT IS INVOLVED IN DNA MISMATCH REPAIR (BY SIMILARITY).

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CC EMBL; D1128; BAA01902.1; -.

CC PIR; JO1619; JO1619.

CC DR InterPro; IPR000776; Fusion_gly.

CC DR Pfam; PF00523; fusion_gly; I.

CC KW Glycoprotein; Fusion protein; Transmembrane; Envelope protein; Signal.

CC FT SIGNAL 1 22 POTENTIAL.

CC FT CHAIN 23 537 FUSION GLYCOPROTEIN FO.

CC FT CHAIN 23 101 F2 PROTEIN.

CC FT TRANSMEM 102 537 F1 PROTEIN.

CC FT CARBOHYD 491 514 POTENTIAL.

CC FT CARBOHYD 463 463 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).

CC SQ SEQUENCE 537 AA; 59366 MW; BAB116EE2FABE/02 CRC64;

Query Match 23.3%; Score 7; DB 1; Length 223;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5;
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 16 CKGARKKKPQQ 25

Db 38 CKGAKPKKPPQ 47

RESULT 6

YG4L_YEAST

ID YG4L_YEAST STANDARD; PRT; 110 AA.

AC P53405;

DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
 DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)

DT 15-JUL-1998 (Rel. 36, Last annotation update)

F. Pneumonia virus of mice (PVM); viruses; Mononegavirales; OC Viruses; ssRNA negative-strand viruses; Paramyxoviridae; Pneumovirus; OC Fusion glycoprotein precursor [Contains: Fusion glycoprotein r2; DE Fusion glycoprotein Fl].

GN Pneumonia virus of mice (PVM); viruses; Mononegavirales; OC Viruses; ssRNA negative-strand viruses; Mononegavirales; OC Paramyxoviridae; Pneumovirus; OC NCBI_TAXID=1163;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

CC MEDLINE=9233356; Pubmed=1629698;

CC RA Chambers P., Pringle C.R., Eston A.J.;

CC RT "Sequence analysis of the gene encoding the fusion glycoprotein of pneumonia virus of mice suggests possible conserved secondary structure elements in paramyxovirus fusion glycoproteins.";

CC RL J. Gen. Virol. 73:117-124(1992).

CC CC MEMBRANES, RESULTING IN VIRAL PENETRATION, & CAN DIRECT FUSION OF INFECTED CELLS WITH ADJOINING CELLS, RESULTING IN THE FORMATION OF SYNCYTIA.

CC CC -I - SUBUNIT: THE MATURE FORM IS A DIMER OF POLYPEPTIDES F-1 AND F-2 LINKED BY A DISULFIDE BOND.

CC CC -I - SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE PARAMYXOVIRUSES FUSION GLYCOPROTEIN FAMILY.

CC CC -----

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CC DR EMBL; D1128; BAA01902.1; -.

CC DR PIR; JO1619; JO1619.

CC DR InterPro; IPR000776; Fusion_gly.

CC DR Pfam; PF00523; fusion_gly; I.

CC KW Glycoprotein; Fusion protein; Transmembrane; Envelope protein; Signal.

CC FT SIGNAL 1 22 POTENTIAL.

CC FT CHAIN 23 537 FUSION GLYCOPROTEIN FO.

CC FT CHAIN 23 101 F2 PROTEIN.

CC FT TRANSMEM 102 537 F1 PROTEIN.

CC FT CARBOHYD 491 514 POTENTIAL.

CC FT CARBOHYD 463 463 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).

CC SQ SEQUENCE 537 AA; 59366 MW; BAB116EE2FABE/02 CRC64;

Query Match 23.3%; Score 7; DB 1; Length 537;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3;
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 9 GEPLVLK 15

Db 434 GEPLVLK 440

RESULT 7

YG4L_YEAST

ID YG4L_YEAST STANDARD; PRT; 110 AA.

AC P53405;

DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)

DT 15-JUL-1998 (Rel. 36, Last annotation update)

Qy 4 ITARIGE 10

|||||||

DE HYPothetical 12.4 kDa protein in NABIA-GPI1 intergenic region.
 GN YGR15W
 OS Saccharomyces cerevisiae (Baker's yeast).
 OC Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Saccharomycotina; Saccharomycetes;
 OC Saccharomycetales; Saccharomyctaceae; Saccharomyces.
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 STRAINS=288C;
 RX MEDLINE=97435481; PubMed=9290212;
 RA Rieger M., Brueckner M., Schaefer M., Mueller-Auer S.;
 RT "Sequence analysis of 203 kilobases from *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*
 RT chromosome VII.";
 RL Yeast 12:1077-1090(1997).
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: TO S.POMBE SPBC3D010.12C.
 CC
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 CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
 CC
 DR EMBL; Z73000; CA97242.1; -
 DR SGD; S0003447; YGR15W.
 KW HYPothetical protein.
 SQ SEQUENCE 110 AA; 12393 MW; 05008CA4F5D09004 CRC64;

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 110;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Prd. No. 9.6; RT
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 17 KGAPKK 22
 DB 88 KGAPKK 93

RESULT 8
 R50_RICCN STANDARD: PRT: 159 AA.
 ID R50_RICCN
 AC Q92144;
 DT 01-MAR-2002 (Rel. 41, Created)
 DT 01-MAR-2002 (Rel. 41, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAR-2002 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)
 DE 30S ribosomal protein S9.
 RN RPS1 OR RC0316.
 OS Rickettsia conorii.
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; alpha subdivision; Rickettsiales;
 OC Rickettsiaceae; Rickettsiae; Rickettsia.
 RX NCBI_TAXID=81;
 [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=Malish 7;
 RX MEDLINE=21442074; PubMed=11557893;
 RA Ogata H., Audit S., Renesto-Audifren P., Fournier P.-E., Barbe V.,
 RA Samson D., Roux V., Cossart P., Weissenbach J., Claverie J.-M.,
 RA Raoult D.;
 RT "Mechanisms of evolution in *Rickettsia conorii* and *R. prowazekii*.";
 RL Science 293:2093-2098(2001).
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE S9P FAMILY OF RIBOSOMAL PROTEINS.
 CC
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 CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
 DR EMBL; AR008597; AR02884.1; -
 DR PROSITE; PS00360; RIBOSOMAL_S9; 1.

KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
 SQ SEQUENCE 159 AA; 17367 MW; 03FEE54B5529BC376 CRC64;

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 159;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Prd. No. 13; RT
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 10 EPIVK 15
 DB 18 EPLVLK 23

RESULT 9
 YCF4_GUTH STANDARD: PRT: 181 AA.
 ID YCF4_GUTH
 AC Q71467;
 DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)
 DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)
 DE Photosystem I assembly protein ycf4.
 GN YCF4.
 OS Guillardia theta (Cryptomonas ph.).
 OC Chloroplast.
 OC Eukaryota; Cryptophyta; Cryptomonadaceae; Guillardia.
 RX NCBI_TAXID=55529;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA Douglas S.E., Penny S.R.;
 RT "The plastid genome of the cryptophyte alga, *Guillardia theta*:
 CC complete sequence and conserved synteny groups confirm its common
 CC ancestry with red algae";
 RL J. Mol. Evol. 48:236-244(1999).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: Seems to be required for the assembly of the photosystem
 CC I complex (By similarity).
 CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Thylakoid membrane-associated (By
 CC similarity).
 CC
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 DR EMBL; AR041468; AAC35680.1; -
 DR InterPro; IPR003359; Ycf4.
 DR Pfam; PF02392; Ycf4; 1
 KW Photosynthesis; Thylakoid; Transmembrane; Chloroplast.
 FT TRANSMEM 19 41 POTENTIAL.
 FT TRANSMEM 61 83 POTENTIAL.
 SQ SEQUENCE 181 AA; 20921 MW; 9874EC86AFEC6F48 CRC64;

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 181;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Prd. No. 15; RT
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 7 RIGEPL 12
 DB 153 RIGEPL 158

RESULT 10
 YAF9_HAEIN STANDARD: PRT: 210 AA.
 ID YAF9_HAEIN
 AC P45023;
 DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last sequence update)
 DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)

DE HYPOTHETICAL AMINO-ACID ABC TRANSPORTER PERMEASE PROTEIN H10179.
 GN H10179.
 OS HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE.
 OC BACTERIA; PROTEOBACTERIA; GAMMA SUBDIVISION; PASTEURELLACEAE;
 OC HAEMOPHILUS.
 OX NCBI_TAXID=727;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX STRAIN=RD / KM20 / ATCC 51907;
 RX MEDLINE=9535030; PubMed=752800;
 RA Fleischmann R.D., Adams M.D., White O., Clayton R.A., Kirkness E.F.,
 RA Kerlavage A.R., Bult C.J., Tomb J.-F., Dougherty B.A., Merrick J.M.,
 RA McKenney K., Sutton G., Fitzhugh W., Fields C.A., Gocayne J.D.,
 RA Scott J.D., Shiley R., Liu L.T., Glodek A., Keiley J.M., Weidman J.F., Phillips C.A., Spriggs T., Heblom E., Cotton M.D.,
 RA Utterback T.R., Haana M.C., Nguyen D.T., Saudek D.M., Brandon R.C.,
 RA Fine L.D., Fritchman J.L., Geoghegan N.S.M., Gneim C.L., McDonald L.A., Small R.V., Fraser C.M., Smith H.O.,
 RA Venter J.C.;
 RT "whole-genome random sequencing and assembly of haemophilus influenzae rd";
 RT Science 269:496-512(1995).
 RL [2]
 RP REVISIONS.
 RA White O., Clayton R.A., Kerlavage A.R., Fleischmann R.D.;
 RL Submitted to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -I FUNCTION: PROBABLE PART OF A BINDING-PROTEIN-DEPENDENT TRANSPORT SYSTEM FOR AN AMINO-ACID. PROBABLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE TRANSLLOCATION OF THE SUBSTRATE ACROSS THE MEMBRANE.
 CC -I SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: INTEGRAL MEMBRANE PROTEIN. INNER MEMBRANE (POTENTIAL).
 CC -I SIMILARITY: WITH INTEGRAL MEMBRANE COMPONENTS OF OTHER BINDING-PROTEIN-DEPENDENT TRANSPORT SYSTEMS. BELONGS TO THE HISMQ SUBFAMILY.
 CC
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 CC
 CC EMBL: U32788; AAC22735.1; -.
 DR TIGR: H10179; -.
 DR InterPro: IPR00515; BPD_TRANSP.
 DR PROSITE: PS000402; BPD_TRANSP_INN_MEMBER; 1.
 DR PROSTRE: PS000402; BPD_TRANSP_INN_MEMBER; 1.
 DR KW Hypothetical protein; Transport; Amino acid transport; Transmembrane; Inner membrane; Complete proteome.
 FT TRANSMEM 10 30 POTENTIAL.
 FT TRANSMEM 57 77 POTENTIAL.
 FT TRANSMEM 79 99 POTENTIAL.
 FT TRANSMEM 177 197 POTENTIAL.
 SQ SEQUENCE 210 AA; 23393 MW; 662C7C530DC4FDCC CRC64;
 Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 210;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 17; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 AQNTIA 6
 DB 108 AQNTIA 113
 DR RESULT 12
 DR E434_ADECT ID E434_ADECT
 DR STANDARD; PRT; 259 AA.
 DR P87568; 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)
 DR 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)
 DR 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
 DR Early E4 30 kDa protein.
 DR Canine adenovirus type 2 (strain Toronto A 25-61).
 OC Viruses; dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage; Adenoviridae; Mastadenovirus.
 OX NCBI_TAXID=69152;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA Campbell J.B., Zhao Y.;
 RT "Complete DNA sequence and genomic organization of canine adenovirus type 2,"
 RT adenovirus type 2,"
 RT Submitted (NOV-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 -I SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE ADENOVIRUS E4 30 TO 34 kDa PROTEIN FAMILY.
 CC
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 CC
 CC EMBL: U77082; AAC38735.1; -.
 DR Early protein; SEQUENCE 259 AA; 30014 MW; 9C966CA011C2A745 CRC64;
 DR Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 259;

Wed Jul 31 15:07:22 2002

us-08-948-131-1.rsp

Search completed: July 31, 2002, 15:08:15
Job time: 220 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model
Run on: July 31, 2002, 15:04:10 ; Search time 25.08 Seconds
(without alignments)
206.932 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-08-948-131-1
Perfect score: 30
Sequence: 1 AQNTARIGEPLVLCKGAPKKPPORLEWK 30

Scoring table: ORIGO
Gapop 60.0 , Gapext 60.0

Searched: 562222 seqs, 172994929 residues

Word size : 0

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 562222

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

- 1: SPREMBL_19:*
- 2: SP_archea:*
- 3: SP_bacteria:*
- 4: SP_fungi:*
- 5: SP_invertebrate:*
- 6: SP_mammal:*
- 7: SP_mhc:*
- 8: SP_organelle:*
- 9: SP_phage:*
- 10: SP_plant:*
- 11: SP_rhodent:*
- 12: SP_virus:*
- 13: SP_vertebrate:*
- 14: SP_unclassified:*
- 15: SP_virus:*
- 16: SP_bacteria:*
- 17: SP_archeap:*

Pred: No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	13	43.3	402	11 035444	035444 mus musculus
2	9	30.0	32	6 09TRQ1	09TRQ1 bos taurus
3	7	23.3	237	5 09V5N7	09V5N7 dirosophila
4	7	23.3	330	16 09K1P6	09K1P6 neisseria m
5	7	23.3	330	16 09JK44	09JK44 neisseria m
6	7	23.3	595	10 09LQP6	09LQP6 arabidopsis
7	7	23.3	742	5 09W322	09W322 dirosophila
8	6	20.0	61	5 09NFJ5	09NFJ5 trypanosoma
9	6	20.0	71	5 09N6K0	09N6K0 trypanosoma
10	6	20.0	76	5 09N610	09N610 trypanosoma
11	6	20.0	96	5 080389	080389 cucumis sat
12	6	20.0	99	10 09FR57	09FR57 lycopersico
13	6	20.0	101	12 09JH47	09JH47 human papil
14	6	20.0	127	15 09EATS	09EATS human immun
15	6	20.0	155	10 09SCQ3	09SCQ3 arabidopsis
16	6	20.0	159	16 0921v4	0921v4 rickettsia

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT ID	1	PRELIMINARY;	PRT;	402 AA.
035444		035444;		
AC		035444;		
DT		01-JAN-1998 (TREMBLrel. 05, created)		
DT		01-JAN-1998 (TREMBLrel. 05, last sequence update)		
DT		01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, last annotation update)		
DE		RAGE.		
GN		RAGE.		
OS		Mus musculus (Mouse).		
RA		Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;		
OC		Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.		
OX		NCBI-TAXID=10090;		
RN		[1]		
RR		SEQUENCE FROM N.A.		
RA		Rosen L., Mahairas G., Qin S., Ahearn M.E., Dankers C., Lasky S.,		
RA		Loretz C., Tipton S., Traicoff R., Zackrone K., Hood L.,		
RT		"Sequence of the mouse major histocompatibility locus class III region.";		
RT		Submitted (OCT-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.		
DR		EMBL: AF030001; AAB8207.1;		
DR		InterPro: IPR003598; Ig_C2.		
DR		InterPro: IPR003600; Ig_like.		
DR		InterPro: IPR003006; Ig_MHC.		
DR		PF00047; Ig_3.		
DR		SMART: SM00408; IgC2_1.		
DR		SMART: SM00410; Ig_like_1.		
DR		PROSITE: PS00290; Ig_MHC.		
DR		PROSITE: PS00290; Ig_MHC; UNKNOWN_1.		
SQ		SEQUENCE 402 AA; 42653 MW; DBRDC50A6C8CB902 CRC64;		

Query Match 43.3%; Score 13; DB 11; Length 402;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.5e-06;
Matches 13; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Kw 1; Sequence 402 AA; 42653 MW; DBRDC50A6C8CB902 CRC64;

QY 2 QNITARIGEPLVL 14
Db 24 QNITARIGEPLVL 36

RESULT	2	PRELIMINARY;	PRT;	32 AA.
Q9PRQ1				
ID				
Q9TRQ1				
ID				
01-MAY-2000	(TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)			
01-MAY-2000	(TREMBLrel. 14, Last annotation update)			
01-JUN-2000	(TREMBLrel. 14, Last annotation update)			
35	KDA ADVANCED GLYCOSYLATION END PRODUCT BINDING PROTEIN (FRAGMENT).			
RA	Bos taurus (Bovine).			
RA	Eutheria; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;			
RA	Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Ruminantia; Pecora; Bovoidea;			
RA	Bovidae; Bovinae; Bos.			
NCBI_TaxID=9913;				
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE;			
RP	Medline=2340546; PubMed=1321822;			
RA	Esposito C., Hegarty H., Hurley W., Classen M.; Isolation and characterization of two binding proteins for advanced glycosylation end products from bovine lung which are present on the endothelial cell surface. " J. Biol. Chem. 267:14987-14997(1992); SEQUENCE 32 AA; 3507 MW; AE4C3147CESB3D91 CRC64;			
RA	Medline=2340546; PubMed=1321822;			
RA	Schmidt A.M., Vianna M., Gerlach M., Brett J., Ryan J., Kao J., Espinoza C., Hegarty H., Hurley W., Classen M.; Isolation and characterization of two binding proteins for advanced glycosylation end products from bovine lung which are present on the endothelial cell surface. " J. Biol. Chem. 267:14987-14997(1992); SEQUENCE 32 AA; 3507 MW; AE4C3147CESB3D91 CRC64;			
QY	17 KGARKKKPQ 25			
Db	17 KGAPKKKPPQ 25			
RESULT	3			
ID	Q9V5N7	PRELIMINARY;	PRT;	237 AA.
AC	Q9V5N7;			
DT	01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Created)			
DT	01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)			
DT	01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last annotation update)			
DE	CG12934 PROTEIN.			
GN	CG12934.			
OS	Drosophila melanogaster (Fruit fly).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Anthropoda; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha; Pterygota; Neoptera; Endopterygota; Drosophila.			
OC	Ephydriidae; Drosophilidae; Drosophila.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=7227;			
RN	[1]			
RC	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RC	STRAIN=BERKELEY;			
RC	MEDLINE=20196006; PubMed=10731132;			
RC	MEDLINE=20175755; PubMed=10710307;			
RA	Rechtlin R., Saunders N.J., Heideberg J., Jeffries A.C., Nelson K.E., Adams M.D., Celiker S.E., Holt R.A., Evans C.A., Gocayne J.D., Amanatides P.G., Scherer S.E., Li P.W., Hoskins R.A., Galle R.F., Adams R.A., Lewis S.E., Richards S., Ashburner M., Henderson N., Sutton G.G., Wortman J.R., Yandell M.D., Zhang Q., Chen L.X., Brandon R.C., Rogers J.H.C., Blazek R.G., Champe M., Pfeiffer B.D., Wan K.H., Doyle C., Baxter E.G., Heitl G., Nelson C.R., Miklos G.L.G., Abril J.F., Aghayani A., An H.-J., Andrews-Pfankoch C., Baldwin D., Ballew R.M., Basu A., Baxendale J., Bayraktaroglu L., Beasley E.M., Beeson K.Y., Benos P.V., Bernman B.P., Bhandari D., Boisshkopov S., Borkova D., Botchan M.R., Bouck J., Brokstein P., Brotman P., Burris K.C., Busam D.A., Butler H., Cadile E., Center A., Chandra I., Cherry J.M., Cowley J., Dahlke C., Davenport L.B., Davies P., de Pablo B., Delcher A., Deng Z., Mays A.D., Dew I., Dietz S.M., Dousouk J., Doup L.E., Downes M., Dugan-Rocha S., Dunkov B.C., Dunn P., Durbin K.J., Evangelista C.C., Ferraz C., Ferrera S., Fleischmann W., Fosler C., Gabrilian A.E., Garg N.S., Gelbart W.M., Glasser K., Glodek A., Gong F., Gorrell J.H., Gu Z., Guan P., Harris M., Harris N.L., Harvey D., Heiman T.J., Hernandez J.R., Houck J., Hostin D., Houston K.A., Howland T.J., Wei M.-H., Ibegnami C.,			
RA	Jalali M., Kalush F., Karpen G.H., Ke Z., Kennison J.A., Ketchum K.A., Klumpp B.E., Kodira C.D., Kraft C., Krawitz S., Kulp D., Lai Z., Lasko P., Lei Y., Levinsky A., Li J., Li Z., Liang Y., Lin X., Liu X., Mattei B., McIntosh T.C., McLeod M.P., McPherson D., Merkulov G., Milshina N.V., Mobarry C., Morris J., Moskrefi A., Mount S.M., Moy M., Murphy L., Muzyk D.M., Nelson D.L., Nelson D.R., Nelson K.A., Nixon K., Nusskern D.R., Pacleb J.M., Palazzolo M., Pittman G.S., Pan S., Pollard J., Purli V., Reese M.G., Reinert K., Remington K., Saunders R.D.C., Scheeler F., Shen H., Shue B.C., Siden-Kiamos I., Simpson M., Skupski M.P., Smith T., Spier E., Spradling A.C., Stapleton M., Strong R., Sun E., Svirkas R., Tector R., Turner R., Venter E., Wang A.H., Wang X., Wang Z.-Y., Wasserman D.A., Weinstock G.M., Weissbach J., Williams S.M., Woodage T., Worley K.C., Wu D., Yang S., Yao Q.A., Yeh J., Yeh R.-F., Zaveri J.S., Zhan M., Zhang G., Zhao J., Zheng L., Zhang X.H., Zhong F.N., Zhong W., Zhou X., Zhu S., Zhu X., Smith H.O., Gibbs R.A., Myers E.W., Rubin G.M., Venter J.C., "The genome sequence of Drosophila melanogaster. " Science 287:2185-2195(2000); DR EMBL; AR003628; ARF5741; -.			
RA	DR FlyBase; FBgn033541; CG12934.			
RA	DR "The genome sequence of Drosophila melanogaster. " RT Science 287:2185-2195(2000);			
RA	DR EMBL; AR003628; ARF5741; -.			
RA	DR FlyBase; FBgn033541; CG12934.			
QY	22 KPPORL 28			
Db	106 KPPORL 112			
RESULT	4			
ID	Q9K1F6	PRELIMINARY;	PRT;	330 AA.
AC	Q9K1F6;			
DT	01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Created)			
DT	01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, Last sequence update)			
DE	RIBOSOMAL LARGE SUBUNIT PSEUDOURIDINE SYNTHASE C.			
GN	NMB0198.			
OS	Neisseria meningitidis (serogroup B).			
OC	Bacteria; Proteobacteria; beta subdivision; Neisseriaceae; Neisseria.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=491;			
RN	[1]			
RC	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RC	STRAIN=MC58 / SEROGROUP B;			
RC	MEDLINE=20175755; PubMed=10710307;			
RA	Tectelin R., Saunders N.J., Heideberg J., Jeffries A.C., Nelson K.E., Adams M.D., Celiker S.E., Holt R.A., Evans C.A., Gocayne J.D., Amanatides P.G., Scherer S.E., Li P.W., Hoskins R.A., Galle R.F., Adams R.A., Lewis S.E., Richards S., Ashburner M., Henderson N., Sutton G.G., Wortman J.R., Yandell M.D., Zhang Q., Chen L.X., Brandon R.C., Rogers J.H.C., Blazek R.G., Champe M., Pfeiffer B.D., Wan K.H., Doyle C., Baxter E.G., Heitl G., Nelson C.R., Miklos G.L.G., Abril J.F., Aghayani A., An H.-J., Andrews-Pfankoch C., Baldwin D., Ballew R.M., Basu A., Baxendale J., Bayraktaroglu L., Beasley E.M., Beeson K.Y., Benos P.V., Bernman B.P., Bhandari D., Boisshkopov S., Borkova D., Botchan M.R., Bouck J., Brokstein P., Brotman P., Burris K.C., Busam D.A., Butler H., Cadile E., Center A., Chandra I., Cherry J.M., Cowley J., Dahlke C., Davenport L.B., Davies P., de Pablo B., Delcher A., Deng Z., Mays A.D., Dew I., Dietz S.M., Dousouk J., Doup L.E., Downes M., Dugan-Rocha S., Dunkov B.C., Dunn P., Durbin K.J., Evangelista C.C., Ferraz C., Ferrera S., Fleischmann W., Fosler C., Gabrilian A.E., Garg N.S., Gelbart W.M., Glasser K., Glodek A., Gong F., Gorrell J.H., Gu Z., Guan P., Harris M., Harris N.L., Harvey D., Heiman T.J., Hernandez J.R., Houck J., Hostin D., Houston K.A., Howland T.J., Wei M.-H., Ibegnami C.,			
RA	Jalali M., Kalush F., Karpen G.H., Ke Z., Kennison J.A., Ketchum K.A., Klumpp B.E., Kodira C.D., Kraft C., Krawitz S., Kulp D., Lai Z., Lasko P., Lei Y., Levinsky A., Li J., Li Z., Liang Y., Lin X., Liu X., Mattei B., McIntosh T.C., McLeod M.P., McPherson D., Merkulov G., Milshina N.V., Mobarry C., Morris J., Moskrefi A., Mount S.M., Moy M., Murphy L., Muzyk D.M., Nelson D.L., Nelson D.R., Nelson K.A., Nixon K., Nusskern D.R., Pacleb J.M., Palazzolo M., Pittman G.S., Pan S., Pollard J., Purli V., Reese M.G., Reinert K., Remington K., Saunders R.D.C., Scheeler F., Shen H., Shue B.C., Siden-Kiamos I., Simpson M., Skupski M.P., Smith T., Spier E., Spradling A.C., Stapleton M., Strong R., Sun E., Svirkas R., Tector R., Turner R., Venter E., Wang A.H., Wang X., Wang Z.-Y., Wasserman D.A., Weinstock G.M., Weissbach J., Williams S.M., Woodage T., Worley K.C., Wu D., Yang S., Yao Q.A., Yeh J., Yeh R.-F., Zaveri J.S., Zhan M., Zhang G., Zhao J., Zheng L., Zhang X.H., Zhong F.N., Zhong W., Zhou X., Zhu S., Zhu X., Smith H.O., Gibbs R.A., Myers E.W., Rubin G.M., Venter J.C., "The genome sequence of Drosophila melanogaster. " Science 287:2185-2195(2000); DR EMBL; AR003628; ARF5741; -.			
RA	DR FlyBase; FBgn033541; CG12934.			
RA	DR "The genome sequence of Drosophila melanogaster. " RT Science 287:2185-2195(2000);			
RA	DR EMBL; AR003628; ARF5741; -.			
RA	DR TIGR; NMB0198; -.			
DR	InterPro; IPR000613; Pseudour_ synth.			
DR	InterPro; IPR02990; PSI_RLU.			
DR	InterPro; IPR02942; S4.			
DR	InterPro; IPR0849; Pseudour_ synth_2; 1.			
DR	ProDom; PD001819; Pseudour_ synth; 1.			
DR	SMART; S00163; S4; 1.			
DR	PROSITE; PS01129; PSI_RLU; 1.			
KW	Complete proteome.			
SQ	SEQUENCE 330 AA; 36682 MW; F2058C52ACE443EC CRC64;			

Query Match	23.3%	Score 7;	DB 16;	Length 330;	RA	Toriumi M., Chin C., Choi E., Chiou J., Gonzalez A., Chung M.,
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 8.6;			RA	Hwang B., Koo T., Li J., Liu A., Vaysberg M., Altafi H., Brooks S.,
Matches	7;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches	RA	Buehler E., Chao Q., Conn L., Conway A.B., Hansen N.,
Qy	9	GEPLVLK	15	Indels	0;	Shinn P., Davis R.W., Ecker J.R., Federspiel N.A., Theologis A.,
Db	304	GEPLVLK	310	Gaps	0;	"The sequence of BAC F24B9 from <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i> chromosome 1.",
RESULT	5				RT	Submitted (JUN-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
ID	Q9JX44	PRELIMINARY;		PRT;	RL	Submitted (MAY-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
AC	Q9JX44;				RR	[2]
DT	01-OCT-2000	(TREMBLrel. 15, Created)			RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
DT	01-OCT-2000	(TREMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)			RC	STRAIN=CV. COLUMBIA;
DT	01-DEC-2001	(TREMBLrel. 19, Last annotation update)			RA	Theologis A.;
DE	RIBOSOMAL	LARGE SUBUNIT PSEUDOORUINE SYNTHASE C (EC 4.2.1.70).			RL	Submitted (JUN-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
GN	RLUC OR NMA070				DR	DR: AC007583; AAF50841; -.
OS	Neisseria meningitidis (serogroup A)				SQ	SEQUENCE
OC	Bacteria; Proteobacteria; beta subdivision; Neisseriaceae; Neisseria.				595 AA;	595 AA; 63982 MW; F5F5B15FB9B28BB7E CRC64;
OX	NCBI_TAXID=6599;				RN	
RN	[1]				RP	
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.				RC	
RC	STRAIN=22491 / SEROGROUP A / SEROTYPE 4A;				RA	
RX	MEDLINE=20222556; PubMed=10761919;				RA	
RA	Parkhill J., Achtman M., James K.D., Bentley S.D., Churcher C.,				RA	
RA	Klee S.R., Morelli G., Basham D., Brown D., Chillingworth T.,				RA	
RA	Davies R.M., Davis P., Devlin K., Feltwell T., Hamlin N., Holroyd S.,				RA	
RA	Jageals K., Leather S., Moule S., Mungall K., Quail M.A.,				RA	
RA	Rajandream M.A., Rutherford K.M., Simmonds M., Shelton J.,				RA	
RA	Whitehead S., Spratt B.G., Barrell B.G.;				RA	
RT	"Complete DNA sequence of a serogroup A strain of <i>Neisseria meningitidis</i> 22491."				RA	
RL	Nature 404:502-506 (2000).				RA	
DR	EMBL; AL162752; CAB33861; -.				RA	
DR	INTERPRO: IPR00613; PseudOU synth.				OC	
DR	INTERPRO: IPR02290; PSL_RLU.				OC	
DR	INTERPRO: IPR00242; S4.				OC	
DR	PF00849; PseudOU synth; 2	1.			OC	
DR	PRODOM; PD001819; PseudOU_synth; 1.				OC	
DR	SMART; SM00363; S4; 1.				OC	
DR	PROSITE; PS01129; PSI_RLU; 1.				OC	
KW	Lyase; Complete proteome				OC	
SQ	SEQUENCE 330 AA; 36768 MW; 9B1AB94890F675EA CRC64;				OC	
Query Match	23.3%	Score 7;	DB 16;	Length 330;	RA	
Matches	100.0%	Pred. No. 8.6;			RA	
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	0;	Mismatches	0;	RA	
Qy	9	GEPLVLK	15	Indels	0;	
Db	304	GEPLVLK	310	Gaps	0;	
RESULT	6				RA	
Q9LQB6	PRELIMINARY;		PRT;	595 AA.	RA	
AC	Q9LQB6;				RA	
DT	01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Created)				RA	
DT	01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)				RA	
DT	01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, Last annotation update)				RA	
DE	F24B9, 20.				RA	
OS	Arabidopsis thaliana (Mouse-ear cress)				RA	
OC	Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophytina; Embryophytina; Tracheophytina; Eudicots; Rosidae; Spermatophytina; Magnoliophytina; Eudicotyledons; Core eudicots; Rosidae; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Arabidopsis.				RA	
OC	euroids II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Arabidopsis.				RA	
OC	NCBI_TAXID=3702;				RA	
RN	[1]				RA	
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.				RA	
RC	STRAIN=CV. COLUMBIA;				RA	
RA	Liu S., Yu G., Sakano H., Jhaveri A., Lee J., Lenz C., Pham P.,				RA	
RA	Spier E., Spradling A.C., Stapleton M., Strong R., Sun E.,				RA	

RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX	MEDLINE=20087309; PubMed=10618284;
RA	King N., Sato T., Sato Y., Sugaya M., Matsukura T.;
RT	"Molecular cloning and nucleotide sequence analysis of a novel human papillomavirus (type 82) associated with vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia.".
RT	Clin. Diagn. Lab. Immunol. 7:91-95(2000).
RL	EMBL: AB027020; BAM90731.1; -.
DR	InterPro: IPR003861; Papilloma_E4.
DR	Pfam: PF02711; Pap_B4; 1.
SQ	SEQUENCE 96 AA; 10973 MW; 027252E14BB6C4F4 CRC64;
Query Match	20.0%; Score 6; DB 10; Length 96;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%; Pred. No. 38;
Matches	6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy	12 LVLCK 17
Db	59 LVLCK 64
RESULT	12
ID	Q9FR57
AC	Q9FR57;
PPR	PRELIMINARY;
PRX	PRT; 99 AA.
DT	01-MAR-2001 (TREMBLrel. 16, Created)
DT	01-MAR-2001 (TREMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT	01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, Last annotation update)
DE	SELF-PRUNING INTERACTING PROTEIN 1.
OS	Lycopersicon esculentum (tomato).
OC	Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta;
OC	Spermato phyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicots; core eudicots;
OC	Asteridae; eudasterids I; Solanales; Solanaceae; Solanum.
OX	NCBI_TaxID=4081;
RN	[1]
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC	STRAIN=CV. VFNT;
RA	Pnueli L., Gutfinger T., Hareven D., Ben-Haim O., Ron N., Adir N., Lifschitz E., Tomlinson S. P. interacting proteins define a conserved signaling system that regulates shoot architecture and flowering.;
RT	plant cell 0.0-0/2001)
RL	EMBL: AF175963; ARAG4310.1. -.
SQ	SEQUENCE 99 AA; 11408 MW; E55F6975B7BA97A3 CRC64;
Query Match	20.0%; Score 6; DB 10; Length 99;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%; Pred. No. 39;
Matches	6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy	18 GAPKKP 23
Db	45 GAPKKP 50
RESULT	13
ID	Q9JH47
AC	Q9JH47;
PPR	PRELIMINARY;
PRX	PRT; 101 AA.
DT	01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Created)
DT	01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)
DT	01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Last annotation update)
DE	START CODON IS NOT IDENTIFIED (FRAGMENT).
GN	E4.
OS	Human papillomavirus type 69.
OC	Viruses; dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage; Papillomaviridae; Papillomavirus.
OC	NCBI_TaxID=37121;
RN	[1]
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA	Matsukura T., Sata T.; Submitted (MAY-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RL	[2]
Query Match	20.0%; Score 6; DB 15; Length 127;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%; Pred. No. 48;
Matches	6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy	4 ITARG 9
Db	39 ITARG 44
RESULT	15
ID	Q9SC03
AC	Q9SC03;
PPR	PRELIMINARY;
PRX	PRT; 155 AA.
DT	01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT	01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT	01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Last annotation update)

DE HYPOTHETICAL 17.0 kDa PROTEIN.
GN T4D2_10.
OS Arabidopsis thaliana (Mouse-ear cress).
OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicots; core eudicots; Rosidae;
OC eurosids II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Arabidopsis.
OX NCBI_TaxID=3702;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA Nyakatura G., Fartmann B., Dauner D., Sterr W., Holland R., Quetier F.,
RA Weichselgartner M., Mewes H.W., Lemcke K., Mayer K.F.X.,
RA Salanoubat M.;
RL Submitted (NOV-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA EU Arabidopsis sequencing project;
RL Submitted (DEC-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
DR EMBL; ALI32958; CAB64211.1;
DR InterPro; IPR000922; Gal_lectin.
DR Pfam; PF02140; Gal_lectin.
DR ProDom; PD005612; Gal_lectin_1.
DR PROSITE; PS50228; SUEL_LRCTIN; 1.
KW Hypothetical protein.
SQ SEQUENCE 155 AA; 16990 MW; 815302F74AE2EFCB CRC64;
Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 10; Length 155;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 57;
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Oy 15 KCKGAP 20
Db 139 KCKGAP 144

Search completed: July 31, 2002, 15:08:00
Job time: 230 sec

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: July 31, 2002, 15:03:45 ; Search time 12.99 Seconds
(without alignments) updates/sec
56.410 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-08-948-131-1

Perfect score: 30

Sequence: 1 AGNTARIGEPLVILKCKGAPKKRPPQRLWKK 30

Scoring table: OLIGO

Gapop 60.0 , Gapext 60.0

Searched: 231628 seqs, 24425594 residues

Word size : 0

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 231628

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Listing first 45 summaries

Database : Issued_Patents_AA:*

1: /cgn2_6/ptodata/2/iaa/5a_comb.pep:*

2: /cgn2_6/ptodata/2/iaa/5b_comb.pep:*

3: /cgn2_6/ptodata/2/iaa/6a_comb.pep:*

4: /cgn2_6/ptodata/2/iaa/6b_comb.pep:*

5: /cgn2_6/ptodata/2/iaa/pcnts_comb.pep:*

6: /cgn2_6/ptodata/2/iaa/backfile1.pep:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

RESULT 1

US-08-623-148-4

Sequence 4, Application US/08633148

Patent No. 566018

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: MORSER, MICHAEL J.

APPLICANT: NAGASHIMA, MARIKO

APPLICANT: HOLLANDER, DORIS A.

TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTIBODIES TO ADVANCED GLYCOSYLATION END-PRODUCT RECEPTOR POLYPEPTIDES AND USES THEREFOR

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 23

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: TOWNSEND & TOWNSEND & CREW LLP

STREET: TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, 8TH FLOOR

CITY: SAN FRANCISCO

STATE: CALIFORNIA

ZIP: 94111

COUNTRY: U.S.A.

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/633,148

FILING DATE: 16-APR-1996

CLASSIFICATION: 435

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: MURPHY ESQ., MATTHEW B.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 39,787

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 014618-005600US

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: (415) 326-2400

TELEFAX: (415) 326-2422

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 318 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

STRANDEDNESS: single

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

US-08-633-148-4

SEQUENCE 1, Appli

Sequence 2, Appli

Sequence 3, Appli

Sequence 4, Appli

Sequence 5, Appli

Sequence 6, Appli

Sequence 7, Appli

Sequence 8, Appli

Sequence 9, Appli

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Sequence 13, Appli

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Sequence 45, Appli

Sequence 46, Appli

Sequence 47, Appli

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Sequence 49, Appli

Sequence 50, Appli

Sequence 51, Appli

Sequence 52, Appli

Sequence 53, Appli

Sequence 54, Appli

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Sequence 120, Appli

Sequence 121, Appli

Sequence 122, Appli

Sequence 123, Appli

Sequence 124, Appli

Sequence 125, Appli

Sequence 126, Appli

Sequence 127, Appli

Sequence 128, Appli

Sequence 129, Appli

Sequence 130, Appli

Sequence 131, Appli

Sequence 132, Appli

Sequence 133, Appli

Sequence 134, Appli

Query Match 100.0%; Score 30; DB 2; Length 318;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; pred. No. 1.3e-24; Matches 30; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 AGNTARIGEPLVILKCKGAPKKRPPQRLWKK 30

Do 1 AGNITARIGEPLVLKCKGAKKKPQRLEWK 30

RESULT 2

US-08-633-148-2
Sequence 2, Application US/08633148

PATENT NO. 5864018

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: MORSE, MICHAEL J.

APPLICANT: NAGASHIMA, MARICO

APPLICANT: HOLLANDER, DORIS A.

TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTIBODIES TO ADVANCED GLYCOSYLATION

TITLE OF INVENTION: END-PRODUCT RECEPTOR POLYPEPTIDES AND USES THEREFOR

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 23

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: TOWNSEND & TOWNSEND & CREW LLP

STREET: TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, 8TH FLOOR

CITY: SAN FRANCISCO

STATE: CALIFORNIA

COUNTRY: U.S.A.

ZIP: 94111

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

CLASSIFICATION: 435

SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/432,016

FILING DATE: 01-MAY-1995

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/143,903

FILING DATE: 02-NOV-1993

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: WILSON, MARY J.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,955

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 1579-95

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: (703) 816-4100

TELEFAX: (703) 816-4000

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 278 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

STRANDEDNESS: single

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

US-08-432-016-5

COUNTRY: U.S.A.
ZIP: 22201-4714

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

CLASSIFICATION: 435

SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/432,016

FILING DATE: 02-NOV-1994

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/143,903

FILING DATE: 02-NOV-1993

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: WILSON, MARY J.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,955

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 1579-95

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: (703) 816-4100

TELEFAX: (703) 816-4000

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 278 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

STRANDEDNESS: single

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: protein

US-08-432-016-5

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: MORSE, MICHAEL J.

APPLICANT: NAGASHIMA, MARICO

APPLICANT: HOLLANDER, DORIS A.

TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTIBODIES TO ADVANCED GLYCOSYLATION

TITLE OF INVENTION: END-PRODUCT RECEPTOR POLYPEPTIDES AND USES THEREFOR

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 23

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: TOWNSEND & TOWNSEND & CREW LLP

STREET: TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, 8TH FLOOR

CITY: SAN FRANCISCO

STATE: CALIFORNIA

COUNTRY: U.S.A.

ZIP: 94111

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

CLASSIFICATION: 435

SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/432,016

FILING DATE: 01-MAY-1995

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/143,903

FILING DATE: 02-NOV-1993

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: WILSON, MARY J.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,955

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 1579-95

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: (703) 816-4100

TELEFAX: (703) 816-4000

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 278 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

STRANDEDNESS: single

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

US-08-432-016-5

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: MORSE, MICHAEL J.

APPLICANT: NAGASHIMA, MARICO

APPLICANT: HOLLANDER, DORIS A.

TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTIBODIES TO ADVANCED GLYCOSYLATION

TITLE OF INVENTION: END-PRODUCT RECEPTOR POLYPEPTIDES AND USES THEREFOR

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 23

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: TOWNSEND & TOWNSEND & CREW LLP

STREET: TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, 8TH FLOOR

CITY: SAN FRANCISCO

STATE: CALIFORNIA

COUNTRY: U.S.A.

ZIP: 94111

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

CLASSIFICATION: 435

SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/432,016

FILING DATE: 01-MAY-1995

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/143,903

FILING DATE: 02-NOV-1993

APPLICANT: HOLLANDER, DORIS A.
 TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTIBODIES TO ADVANCED GLYCOSYLATION
 NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 23
 CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 STREET: TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, 8TH FLOOR
 CITY: SAN FRANCISCO
 STATE: CALIFORNIA
 COUNTRY: U.S.A.
 ZIP: 94111
 COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/633,148
 FILING DATE: 16-APR-1996
 CLASSIFICATION: 435
 ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 NAME: MURPHY ESQ., MATTHEW B.
 REFERENCE/POCKET NUMBER: 39,787
 REFERENCE/POCKET NUMBER: 014618-005600US
 TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 TELEPHONE: (415) 326-2400
 TELEFAX: (415) 326-2422
 INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 TYPE: amino acid
 STRANDEDNESS: single
 TOPOLogy: linear
 MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 ; US-08-633-148-5

Query Match 33.3%; Score 10; DB 2; Length 10;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00013; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 10; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CKGAPKKPQ 25
 Db 1 CKGAPKKPQ 10

RESULT 9
 US-08-6865-558A-2
 ; Sequence 2, Application US/08685558A
 ; Patent No. 6225081
 GENERAL INFORMATION:
 APPLICANT: SHIMOMURA, Takeshi
 APPLICANT: KAWAGUCHI, Toshiya
 APPLICANT: KITAMURA, Naomi
 APPLICANT: MIYAZAWA, Keiji
 TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL PROTEIN, DNA CODING FOR SAME
 NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 18
 CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 ADDRESSEE: SUGRIE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS
 STREET: 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
 CITY: Washington
 STATE: DC
 COUNTRY: USA
 ZIP: 20037

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy Disk
 COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/685,558A
 FILING DATE: 24-JUL-1996
 PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: JPA Hei 7-187135
 FILING DATE: 24-JUL-1995
 INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 TYPE: amino acid
 TOPOLogy: linear
 MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 FRAGMENT TYPE: internal fragment
 ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 STRAIN: MNM45
 ; US-08-685-558A-2

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 4; Length 10;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.3; Mismatches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 16 CKGAPKKPQ 25
 Db 1 CKGAPKKPQ 10

RESULT 8
 US-08-633-148-13
 ; Sequence 13, Application US/08633148
 ; Patent No. 5864018
 GENERAL INFORMATION:
 APPLICANT: MORSE, MICHAEL J.
 APPLICANT: NAGASIMA, MARINO
 APPLICANT: HOLLANDER, DORIS A.
 TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTIODIES TO ADVANCED GLYCOSYLATION
 TITLE OF INVENTION: END-PRODUCT RECEPTOR POLYPEPTIDES AND USES THEREFOR
 NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 23
 CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 ADDRESSEE: TOWNSEND & CREW LLP
 STREET: TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, 8TH FLOOR
 CITY: SAN FRANCISCO
 STATE: CALIFORNIA
 COUNTRY: U.S.A.
 ZIP: 94111
 COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/633,148
 FILING DATE: 16-APR-1996
 PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: JPA Hei 7-187135
 FILING DATE: 24-JUL-1995
 INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 10 amino acids
 TYPE: amino acid
 TOPOLogy: linear
 MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
 FRAGMENT TYPE: internal fragment
 ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 STRAIN: MNM45
 ; US-08-633-148-13

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 4; Length 10;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.3; Mismatches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 10 EPLVLK 15
| | | | |
Db 5 EPLVLK 10

RESULT 10

US-08-416-788-2

; Sequence 2, Application US/08416788

; Patent No. 5780245

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

; APPLICANT: Maroteaux, Luc

; TITLE OF INVENTION: Receptor Activity, Nucleic Acids Coding for These.

; TITLE OF INVENTION: Polypeptides Having a Serotonin

; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 9

; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

; ADDRESSEE: Rhone-Poulenc Rorer Inc.

; STREET: 500 Arcola Road, 3C43

; CITY: Collegeville

; STATE: PA

; COUNTRY: USA

; ZIP: 19426-0107

; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30

; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/416,788

; FILING DATE: 23-DEC-1993

; CLASSIFICATION: 435

; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

; NAME: Gaylo, Paul J.

; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,808

; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: X-9367

; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

; TELEPHONE: 317-276-0756

; FAX: 317-276-3861

; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

; LENGTH: 481 amino acids

; NAME: Smith, Julie K.

; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

; NAME: Smith, Julie K.

; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: EX92008-US

; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

; TELEPHONE: (610)454-3839

; TELEFAX: (610)454-3808

; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

; LENGTH: 479 amino acids

; TYPE: amino acid

; TOPOLOGY: linear

; MOLECULE TYPE: protein

; US-08-416-788-2

; Query Match

; Best Local Similarity 20.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 481;

; Sequence 8, Application US/08748485

; Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 481;

; Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

; Query 22 KPPQL 27

; Database 254 KPPQL 259

RESULT 12

US-08-748-485-8

; Sequence 8, Application US/08748485

; Patent No. 581480

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

; APPLICANT: Au-Young, Janice

; APPLICANT: Guegler, Karl J.

; APPLICANT: Goli, Surva K.

; APPLICANT: Murry, Lynn E.

; TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL HISTAMINE H2 RECEPTOR

; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 8

; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

; ADDRESSEE: INCYTE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

; STREET: 3174 Porter Drive

; CITY: Palo Alto

; STATE: CA

; COUNTRY: US

; ZIP: 94304

; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
; SOFTWARE: FastSEQ Version 2.0

; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/748,485

; FILING DATE: 07-DEC-1993

; CLASSIFICATION: 530

; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

; APPLICATION NUMBER:

; FILING DATE:

; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

; NAME: Billings, Lucy J.

; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,749

; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: Eli Lilly and Company
STREET: Lilly Corporate Center/Patent Division
CITY: Indianapolis
STATE: IN
COUNTRY: US
ZIP: 46295

; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30

; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/173,436A

; FILING DATE: 23-DEC-1993

; CLASSIFICATION: 435

; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

; NAME: Gaylo, Paul J.

; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,808

; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: X-9367

; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

; TELEPHONE: 317-276-0756

; FAX: 317-276-3861

; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

; LENGTH: 481 amino acids

; TYPE: amino acid

; TOPOLOGY: linear

; MOLECULE TYPE: protein

US-08-173-436A-2

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 481;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 481;
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 22 KPPQL 27

Db 254 KPPQL 259

RESULT 11

US-08-173-436A-2

; Sequence 2, Application US/08173436A

; Patent No. 569844

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

; APPLICANT: Baez, Melvyn

; APPLICANT: Kursar, Jonathon D.

; TITLE OF INVENTION: SEROTONIN RECEPTOR PROTEIN AND RELATED

; TITLE OF INVENTION: NUCLEIC ACID COMPOUNDS

; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 4

; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 479;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 6; DB 1; Length 479;
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 22 KPPQL 27

Db 253 KPPQL 258

RESULT 11

US-08-173-436A-2

; Sequence 2, Application US/08173436A

; Patent No. 569844

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

; APPLICANT: Baez, Melvyn

; APPLICANT: Kursar, Jonathon D.

; TITLE OF INVENTION: SEROTONIN RECEPTOR PROTEIN AND RELATED

; TITLE OF INVENTION: NUCLEIC ACID COMPOUNDS

; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 4

; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: PF-0159 US
 TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 TELEPHONE: 415-855-0555
 TELEFAX: 415-845-4166

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 481 amino acids
 TYPE: amino acid
 STRANDEDNESS: single
 TOPOLOGY: linear
 IMMEDIATE SOURCE:
 LIBRARY: Genbank
 CLONE: 475198

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 2; Length 481;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 56;
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
 QY 22 KPPORL 27
 Db 254 KPPQRL 259

RESULT 13
 US 08-685-558A-18
 Sequence 18, Application US/0868558A
 ; Patent No. 6225081
 ; GENERAL INFORMATION:
 ; APPLICANT: SHIMOMURA, Takeshi
 ; APPLICANT: KAWAGUCHI, Toshiya
 ; APPLICANT: KITAMURA, Naomi
 ; APPLICANT: MIYAZAWA, Keiji
 ; TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL PROTEIN, DNA CODING FOR SAME
 ; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 18
 ; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 ; ADDRESSEE: SUGIRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS
 ; STREET: 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
 ; CITY: Washington
 ; STATE: DC
 ; COUNTRY: USA
 ; ZIP: 20037

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 SOFTWARE: Patientin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/277,231A
 FILING DATE: 19-JUL-1994
 CLASSIFICATION: 435
 ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 NAME: Carroll, Alice O.
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,542
 REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: ACC94-02
 TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 TELEPHONE: (617) 861-6240
 TELEFAX: (617) 861-9540
 INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 741 amino acids
 TYPE: amino acid
 TOPOLOGY: linear
 MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 US-08-277-231A-4

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 1; length 741;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 79;
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
 QY 5 TARIGE 10
 Db 157 TARIGE 162

RESULT 15
 US-08-473-750-7
 Sequence 7, Application US/08473750
 ; Patent No. 5834187
 ; Patent No. 5834187 5786143
 ; GENERAL INFORMATION:
 ; APPLICANT: Green, Bruce A.
 ; APPLICANT: Brinton, Jr., Charles C.
 ; TITLE OF INVENTION: Sequence and Analysis of LKP Pilin
 ; Patent No. 5834187
 ; Patent No. 5834187 5786143
 ; TITLE OF INVENTION: Structural Gene and the LKP Pilin Operon of No. 5834187 5786
 ; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 21
 ; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

QY 10 EPLVLUK 15
 11111
 Db 177 EPLVLUK 182

RESULT 14
 US-08-277-231A-4
 Sequence 4, Application US/08277231A
 ; Patent No. 5643725
 ; GENERAL INFORMATION:
 ; APPLICANT: Green, Bruce A.
 ; APPLICANT: Brinton, Charles C.
 ; TITLE OF INVENTION: Sequence and Analysis of LKP Pilin
 ; Patent No. 5643725
 ; TIME OF INVENTION: Structural Genes and The LKP Pilin Operon of No. 5643725typ
 ; TITLE OF INVENTION: Hemophilus Influenzae
 ; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 14
 ; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 ; ADDRESSEE: Hamilton, Brook, Smith & Reynolds, P.C.
 ; STREET: Two Militia Drive
 ; CITY: Lexington
 ; STATE: Massachusetts
 ; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
 ; ZIP: 02173

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 SOFTWARE: Patientin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/277,231A
 FILING DATE: 19-JUL-1994
 CLASSIFICATION: 435
 ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 NAME: Carroll, Alice O.
 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,542
 REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: ACC94-02
 TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 TELEPHONE: (617) 861-6240
 TELEFAX: (617) 861-9540
 INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 LENGTH: 741 amino acids
 TYPE: amino acid
 TOPOLOGY: linear
 MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 US-08-277-231A-4

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 4; length 513;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 59;
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
 QY 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 4; length 513;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 59;
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
 QY 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

ADDRESSEE: Hamilton, Brock, Smith & Reynolds, P.C.
STREET: Two Militia Drive
CITY: Lexington
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COUNTRY: US
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COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/473,750

FILING DATE: 07-JUN-1995

CLASSIFICATION: 435

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/277,321

FILING DATE: 19-JUN-1994

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REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: ACC94-02B

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INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 741 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: protein

US-08-473-750-7

Query Match 20.0%; Score 6; DB 2; Length 741;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 79;
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 5 TARGE 10
| | | | |
Db 157 TARGE 162

Search completed: July 31, 2002, 15:04:07
Job time: 22 sec

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L7 ANSWER 26 OF 36 MEDLINE
AN 1999182371 MEDLINE
DN 99182371 PubMed ID: 10082470
TI Activation of receptor for advanced glycation end products: a mechanism for chronic vascular dysfunction in diabetic vasculopathy and atherosclerosis.
AU Schmidt A M; Yan S D; Wautier J L; Stern D
CS Division of Surgical Science, Department of Surgery, College of Physicians & Surgeons of Columbia University, New York, NY 10032, USA.
SO CIRCULATION RESEARCH, (1999 Mar 19) 84 (5) 489-97. Ref: 89
Journal code: 0047103. ISSN: 0009-7330.
CY United States
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
General Review; (REVIEW)
(REVIEW, TUTORIAL)
LA English
FS Priority Journals
EM 199903
ED Entered STN: 19990402
Last Updated on STN: 19990402
Entered Medline: 19990324
AB Receptor for advanced glycation end products (**RAGE**) is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily of cell surface molecules and engages diverse ligands relevant to distinct pathological processes. One class of **RAGE** ligands includes glycoxidation products, termed advanced glycation end products, which occur in diabetes, at sites of oxidant stress in tissues, and in renal failure and **amyloidoses**. **RAGE** also functions as a signal transduction receptor for **amyloid** beta peptide, known to accumulate in Alzheimer disease in both affected brain parenchyma and cerebral vasculature. Interaction of **RAGE** with these ligands enhances receptor expression and initiates a positive feedback loop whereby receptor occupancy triggers increased **RAGE** expression, thereby perpetuating another wave of cellular activation. Sustained expression of **RAGE** by critical target cells, including endothelium, smooth muscle cells, mononuclear phagocytes, and neurons, in proximity to these ligands, sets the stage for chronic cellular activation and tissue damage. In a model of accelerated atherosclerosis associated with diabetes in genetically manipulated mice, blockade of cell surface **RAGE** by infusion of a soluble, truncated form of the receptor completely suppressed enhanced formation of vascular lesions. Amelioration of atherosclerosis in these diabetic/atherosclerotic animals by soluble **RAGE** occurred in the absence of changes in plasma lipids or glycemia, emphasizing the contribution of a lipid- and glycemia-independent mechanism(s) to atherogenesis, which we postulate to be interaction of **RAGE** with its ligands. Future studies using mice in which **RAGE** expression has been genetically manipulated and with selective low molecular weight **RAGE** inhibitors will be required to definitively assign a critical role for **RAGE** activation in diabetic vasculopathy. However, sustained receptor expression in a microenvironment with a plethora of ligand makes possible prolonged receptor stimulation, suggesting that interaction of cellular **RAGE** with its ligands could be a factor contributing to a range of important chronic disorders.

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